



Long-Stay Activity Statistics 2007

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Introduction and Summary of Results

This report presents data collected through a survey of long-stay units in 2007. The aim of the survey is to provide statistics on the number of beds available for long-term care, how the beds are used and the types of patients who occupy these beds.

In order to present the data this report has been divided into a number of sections. This introductory section examines how data was collected and analysed and gives a summary of the results.

Section A presents details of older persons within the Irish population through an analysis of the 2006 Census of Population. It also presents data from Eurostat (the statistical office of the European Union) and the World Health Organisation (WHO) European Health For All database in order to compare the Irish older population with older populations in Europe. This section provides a context within which to examine the data collected from long-stay units.

Section B presents data according to type of unit and Section C presents data according to area. An examination of gender, age, dependency, medico/social status, admissions, discharges and length of stay is undertaken in these sections. Section D looks at individual long-stay units within each area according to the type of unit. Details of number of beds, patients, admissions and discharges are presented.

Methodology

At the request of the Department of Health and Children, questionnaires were issued by the Health Service Executive (HSE) to each long-stay unit. Units that did not respond to the original request were followed up by the HSE both in writing and by telephone. The table below gives the response rate, that is, the number of questionnaires returned by long-stay units as a percentage of total number of registered long-stay units within each area.

Table 1
Response Rate to Survey of Long-Stay Units by HSE Regional Health Office for 2007

Dublin / Mid Leinster	Dublin / North-East	South	West	Ireland
70.8%	88.4%	83.2%	74.8%	78.2%

In 2007, 487 valid questionnaires were returned out of a total of 623 giving a response rate of 78.2 percent. Appendix 2 provides details of the number of responses received by area and by long-stay unit category.

Responses were coded and entered into a relational database and analysed. Data were validated to ensure accuracy and completeness. Where missing data or inconsistencies were identified, clarification was sought from the relevant long-stay unit.

Summary Results

Table 2 below presents the summary of results from the 2007 survey by bed type.

Table 2
2007 Summary of Results by Bed Type

	Long-stay Beds	Limited-stay Beds	Total Beds
Number of Beds Reported	21,584	2,440	24,029*
% Occupancy	91.9%	71.9%	89.9%
% Female	66.5%	61.5%	66.1%
% Age 80 and over	67.3%	50.9%	66.0%
% Men Aged 80 and Over	54.4%	44.5%	53.5%
% Women Aged 80 and Over	73.9%	54.9%	72.4%
% High or Maximum Dependency	70.3%	48.7%	68.5%
% Physical Disorders	45.6%	85.9%	48.9%
% Mental Disorders	37.8%	6.5%	35.3%
% Admitted from Community	33.5%	62.2%	55.9%
% Discharged to Community	17.3%	84.6%	71.6%
% discharged with length of stay of 3 months or less	28.7%	96.7%	83.5%

* includes 5 undesignated beds

Section A

Demographic Data Relating to Older Persons

Section A presents details of the population of older persons in Ireland from the 2006 Census of Population. This section also presents updated data published by Eurostat and WHO European Health For All database. For the purposes of this section this population is defined as those persons aged 65 years of age or older. Tables A1 to A11 look at this population within Ireland and tables A12 to A18 compare the Irish older population with the older populations within the European Union.

National Data

Marital Status

Tables A1 to A3 look at marital status and gender of older persons by age group. Almost one half (49.9%) of older persons in Ireland are married but this percentage declines in the older age groups and the percentage of widowed persons increases. A larger percentage of older men are married (63.9%) compared to older women (38.7%). Conversely, there is a larger percentage of women who are widowed (44.4%) compared to men (13.7%). The discrepancy in marital status between men and women is to a considerable extent explained by the different percentages of men and women in each age group thus reflecting significantly longer female life expectancy (see tables A14 and A15). Overall, 55.7 percent of the older population is female and 44.3 percent male.

Table A1
Percentage and Number of Older Persons by Age and Marital Status, 2006.

	Single	Total Married	Separated	Divorced	Widowed	Total Numbers
65-69 years	13.6	66.2	3.3	1.6	15.2	143,396
70-74 years	15.7	57.1	2.1	1.0	24.1	119,152
75-79 years	17.8	44.6	1.2	0.5	35.9	92,466
80-84 years	19.2	31.5	0.7	0.3	48.4	64,884
85 years and over	20.9	18.0	0.4	0.2	60.5	48,028
Total	16.5	49.9	1.9	0.9	30.8	467,926

Source: Census of Population, 2006, Central Statistics Office.

Note: Separated includes deserted. Total Married includes first marriage, remarried following widowhood and remarried following dissolution of previous marriage.

Table A2
Percentage and Number of Older Male Persons by Age and Marital Status, 2006.

	Single	Total Married	Separated	Divorced	Widowed	Total Numbers
65-69 years	16.4	71.5	3.5	1.7	7.0	70,895
70-74 years	18.7	67.5	2.4	1.1	10.4	56,540
75-79 years	20.8	61.3	1.5	0.6	15.7	40,121
80-84 years	21.9	53.0	1.0	0.3	23.9	24,694
85 years and over	22.5	39.9	0.7	0.3	36.7	14,845
Total	18.9	63.9	2.3	1.1	13.7	207,095

Source: Census of Population, 2006, Central Statistics Office.

Note: Separated includes deserted. Total Married includes first marriage, remarried following widowhood and remarried following dissolution of previous marriage.

Table A3
Percentage and Number of Older Female Persons by Age and Marital Status, 2006.

	Single	Total Married	Separated	Divorced	Widowed	Total Numbers
65-69 years	11.0	61.1	3.2	1.5	23.2	72,501
70-74 years	13.1	47.7	1.8	0.9	36.6	62,612
75-79 years	15.4	31.8	0.9	0.4	51.4	52,345
80-84 years	17.6	18.2	0.5	0.3	63.4	40,190
85 years and over	20.2	8.2	0.3	0.2	71.2	33,183
Total	14.6	38.7	1.6	0.8	44.4	260,831

Source: Census of Population, 2006, Central Statistics Office.

Note: Separated includes deserted. Total Married includes first marriage, remarried following widowhood and remarried following dissolution of previous marriage.

Older Population by Area

Tables A4 to A6 examine the older population by age and gender within each area and gives details of the proportion of the total population accounted for by the older population. Just under 60 percent (56.1 %) of the older population is aged 65 to 74 years of age and another 19.8 are in the 75 to 79 year age group. There are significant differences between men and women in their age distribution. Again, this is due to the longer life expectancy of women. Most strikingly, only 7.2 percent of men compared to 12.7 percent of women are in the 85 years and older age group. Also, in absolute numbers there are 25.9 percent more women than men aged 65 and over.

Within the State, 11.0 percent of the population is aged 65 or older. However, this percentage varies from 10.0 percent in Dublin / North-East to 12.3 percent in the Western Region. However, in absolute numbers, the Southern Region has the largest number (128,545) of people aged 65 and over with Dublin/North-East having lowest at 92,487 persons. This distribution of older people across the five age categories is very similar for each region even when broken down by sex.

Table A4
Percentage and Number of Older Persons by HSE Regional Health Office and Age, 2006.

Regional Health Office	65-69 Years%	70-74 Years%	75-79 Years%	80-84 Years%	85 Years and Over%	Total %	Total Number Over 65	Over 65s as % of Total Pop
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	31.0	25.4	19.8	13.7	10.1	100	122,369	10.1
Dublin/ North-East	31.4	25.8	19.8	13.5	9.6	100	92,487	10.0
South	30.8	25.8	19.7	13.8	10.0	100	128,545	11.9
West	29.6	25.0	19.8	14.4	11.2	100	124,525	12.3
Total	30.6	25.5	19.8	13.9	10.3	100	467,926	11.0

Source: Census of Population 2006, Central Statistics Office

Table A5
Percentage and Number of Older Male Persons by HSE Regional Health Office and Age, 2006.

Regional Health Office	65-69 Years%	70-74 Years%	75-79 Years%	80-84 Years%	85 Years and Over%	Total %	Total Number Over 65	Over 65s as % of Total Pop
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	34.8	27.4	19.3	11.8	6.8	100	52,412	8.7
Dublin/ North-East	35.2	27.5	19.3	11.5	6.5	100	40,139	8.7
South	34.3	27.3	19.4	11.8	7.1	100	57,639	10.6
West	33.0	27.0	19.5	12.5	8.0	100	56,905	11.1
Total	34.2	27.3	19.4	11.9	7.2	100	207,095	9.8

Source: Census of Population 2006, Central Statistics Office

Table A6
Percentage and Number of Older Female Persons by HSE Regional Health Office and Age, 2006.

Regional Health Office	65-69 Years%	70-74 Years%	75-79 Years%	80-84 Years%	85 Years and Over%	Total %	Total Number Over 65	Over 65s as % of Total Pop
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	28.2	23.9	20.2	15.1	12.6	100	69,957	11.4
Dublin/ North-East	28.5	24.4	20.1	15.0	12.0	100	52,348	11.3
South	27.9	24.5	19.9	15.4	12.3	100	70,906	13.2
West	26.8	23.3	20.1	16.0	13.9	100	67,620	13.5
Total	27.8	24.0	20.1	15.4	12.7	100	260,831	12.3

Source: Census of Population 2006, Central Statistics Office

Table A7
Percentage and Number of Older Persons by Area and Marital Status, 2006.

Area	Single	Married	Separated	Divorced	Widowed	Total	Total Numbers
Dublin/Mid-Leinster	15.6	50.5	2.2	0.9	30.6	100	122,369
Dublin/North East	15.6	50.9	2.2	0.8	30.5	100	92,487
South	16.2	50.2	1.7	1.0	30.9	100	128,545
West	18.4	48.0	1.6	0.9	31.1	100	124,525
Total	16.5	49.9	1.9	0.9	30.8	100	467,926

Source: Census of Population 2006, Central Statistics Office

Intercensal Estimates

There is typically a five year gap between each census of population. The CSO has produced population estimates by sex and age group for 2007 and 2008 and data for those aged over 65 is given in Table A8. The total estimated population aged over 65 is increasing not only in absolute numbers but also in proportion to the overall population, a theme which will be explored in the next section.

Table A8
Estimated Older Population by Sex and Age Group, 2007 and 2008.

	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 years and over	Total over 65
<u>April 2007</u>						
Male	71,300	56,600	40,600	25,000	15,500	209,000
Female	72,200	62,600	51,500	40,400	34,800	261,500
Total	143,500	119,200	92,100	65,400	50,300	470,500
<u>April 2008</u>						
Male	73,600	57,500	41,800	25,000	16,600	214,500
Female	75,200	63,300	51,800	40,100	36,600	267,000
Total	148,800	120,800	93,600	65,200	53,200	481,600

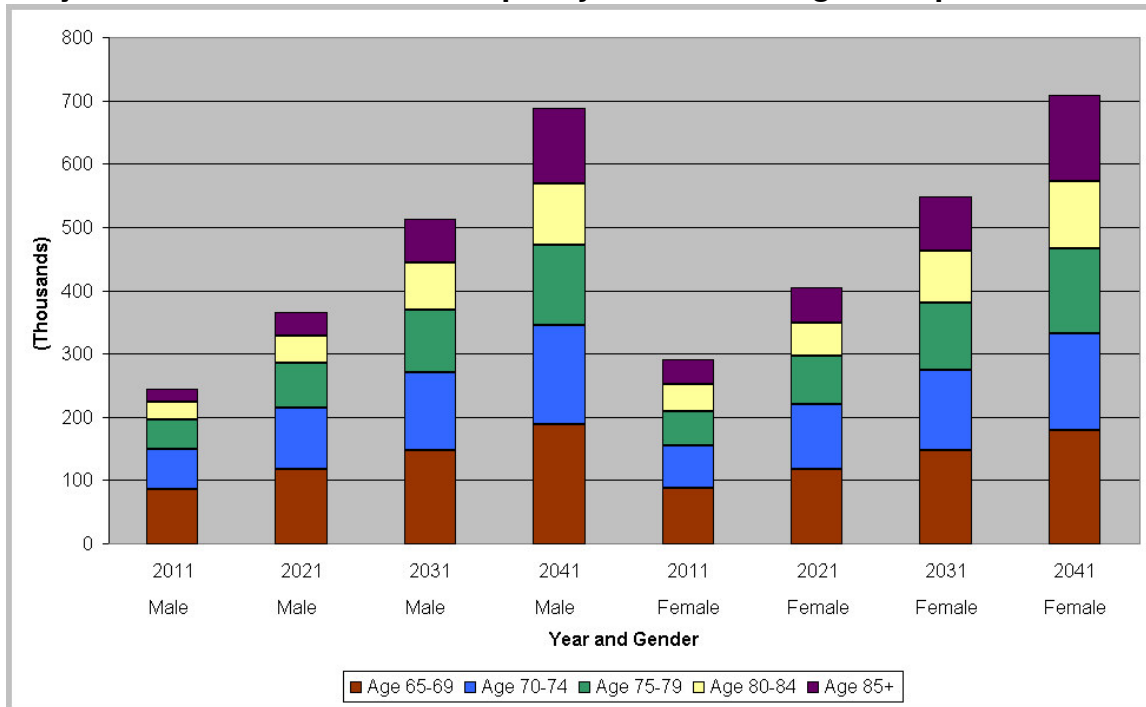
Source: Vital Statistics, Second Quarter 2008, CSO (published March 2009)

Projected Older Population (2011-2041)

Tables A9 to A11 and Figures A1 and A2 examine the population projections for older persons. Population projections are derived from models based on assumptions about fertility, mortality and migration. For this section, model M2F1 has been used (see Appendix 3 for details). It should be noted that, in the medium term, projections for the older age groups are relatively unaffected by the choice of migration and fertility assumptions. Population projections were prepared by the Central Statistics Office and published in April 2008.

The Central Statistics Office projects that the proportion of the population made up of those over 65 is to increase from 11.4 percent in 2011 to 22.4 percent in 2041. This translates into nearly three times the numbers of older persons from approximately 468,500 in 2011 to approximately 1,396,600 persons in 2041. The most notable increase among the age bands is in the oldest age band of 85 years and over. The numbers in this age band are due to more than quadruple from approximately 60,400 in 2011 to 255,100 in 2041. Figure A1 presents the projected increase in the older population by age and gender.

Figure A1
Projected Numbers of Older People by Gender and Age Group 2011 to 2041



Males

Tables A10 and A11 and Figure A2 look at the projected older population by gender. The Central Statistics Office projects that the older male population will increase by 182 percent from approximately 244,000 in 2011 to approximately 687,800 in 2036. The largest percentage increase will occur among men over 85. The numbers in this age group will increase by nearly 500 percent from approximately 20,000 in 2011 to approximately 118,500 in 2041.

Females

The numbers of older women will increase by 143 percent from approximately 291,800 in 2011 to approximately 708,700 in 2041. Again, the largest percentage increase will be among women 85 years of age and older. The numbers in this age band are due to increase by 238 percent from approximately 40,400 in 2011 to 136,600 in 2041. Figure A2 presents the projected proportion of the total population made up of older men and women.

**Table A9
Actual and Projected Number and Percentage of Older Persons by Age 2011 to 2041**

Age Group	2011		2016		2021		2026		2031		2036		2041	
	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop
65 - 69	173.1	3.7	212.7	4.2	234.7	4.3	263.8	4.6	294.2	5.0	323.7	5.3	367.4	5.9
70 - 74	130.5	2.8	161.7	3.2	200.4	3.7	222.3	3.9	251.2	4.3	281.2	4.6	310.3	5.0
75 - 79	101.5	2.2	115.3	2.3	145.4	2.7	182.0	3.2	203.8	3.5	231.8	3.8	260.9	4.2
80 - 84	70.2	1.5	81.2	1.6	95.1	1.7	122.7	2.2	155.8	2.6	176.5	2.9	202.9	3.2
85+	60.4	1.3	74.9	1.5	94.0	1.7	118.0	2.1	155.5	2.6	206.0	3.4	255.1	4.1
Total Older Population	535.7	11.4	645.9	12.7	769.5	14.1	908.8	16.0	1,060.5	18.0	1,219.0	20.0	1,396.6	22.4
Total Population	4,685.5	100.0	5,093.8	100.0	5,449.2	100.0	5,695.4	100.0	5,900.7	100.0	6,080.3	100.0	6,247.1	100.0

Source: Population and Labour Force Projections 2011-2041, Central Statistics Office (April 2008)

* Based on assumption M2F1

**Table A10
Actual and Projected Number and Percentage of Older Male Persons by Age 2011 to 2041**

Year	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2041							
Age Group	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop						
65 - 69	86.1	3.7	105.8	4.1	116.6	4.2	131.5	4.6	147.0	4.9	164.8	5.3	188.3	5.9
70 - 79	63.1	2.7	79.1	3.1	98.3	3.6	109.3	3.8	124.0	4.1	139.2	4.5	156.7	4.9
75 - 79	46.3	2.0	54.1	2.1	69.5	2.5	87.7	3.0	98.6	3.3	112.7	3.6	127.5	4.0
80 - 84	28.5	1.2	35.3	1.4	43.1	1.6	57.2	2.0	73.4	2.5	83.6	2.7	96.8	3.0
85+	20.0	0.8	27.3	1.1	37.7	1.4	50.8	1.8	70.0	2.3	94.7	3.1	118.5	3.7
Total Older Population (Male)	244.0	10.4	301.6	11.7	365.4	13.3	436.4	15.1	512.9	17.1	595.1	19.3	687.8	21.7
Total Population (Male)	2,354.4	100.0	2,568.9	100.0	2,756.0	100.0	2,886.0	100.0	2,994.3	100.0	3,088.8	100.0	3,176.4	100.0

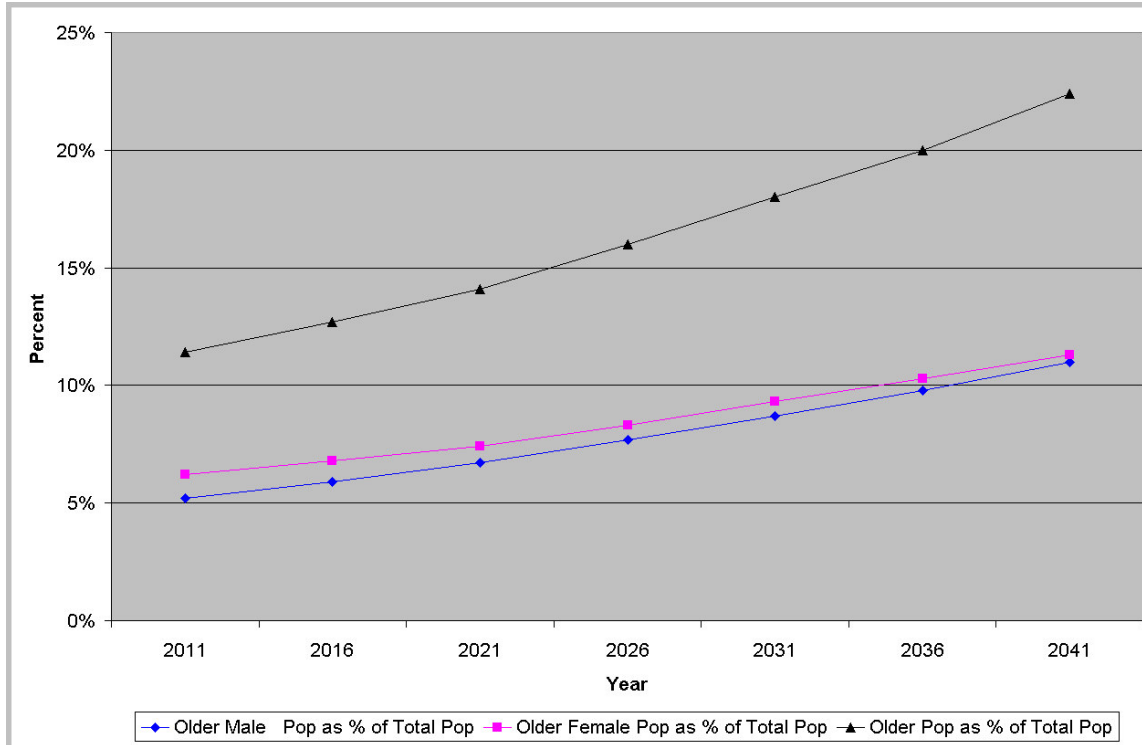
**Table A11
Actual and Projected Number and Percentage of Older Female Persons by Age 2011 to 2041**

Year	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2041							
Age Group	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop	Number 000s	% of Total Pop						
65 - 69	86.9	3.7	106.9	4.2	118.0	4.4	132.3	4.7	147.2	5.1	158.9	5.3	179.1	5.8
70 - 79	67.5	2.9	82.6	3.3	102.1	3.8	113.0	4.0	127.2	4.4	142.0	4.7	153.6	5.0
75 - 79	55.2	2.4	61.2	2.4	75.9	2.8	94.3	3.4	105.2	3.6	119.0	4.0	133.5	4.3
80 - 84	41.8	1.8	45.9	1.8	52.0	1.9	65.5	2.3	82.4	2.8	92.9	3.1	106.1	3.5
85+	40.4	1.7	47.6	1.9	56.2	2.1	67.2	2.4	85.5	2.9	111.3	3.7	136.6	4.4
Total Older Population (Female)	291.8	12.5	344.2	13.6	404.1	15.0	472.4	16.8	547.6	18.8	624.0	20.9	708.7	23.1
Total Population (Female)	2,331.1	100.0	2,524.8	100.0	2,693.2	100.0	2,809.4	100.0	2,906.4	100.0	2,991.6	100.0	3,070.7	100.0

Source: Population and Labour Force Projections 2011-2041, Central Statistics Office (April 2008)

Figure A2

Projected Population as a Percentage of Total Population by Gender 2011 to 2041



Projected Old Age Dependency Ratio

Table A12 presents the projected old age dependency ratio from 2011 to 2041. The old age dependency ratio looks at the number of older persons as a percentage of the working age population, i.e., those aged 15 to 64 years of age. The old age dependency ratio has remained relatively constant for many decades. It is now beginning a rapid increase projected to result in a doubling of the ratio by the end of the projection period, 2041.

**Table A12
Projected Old Age Dependency Ratio 2011 to 2041**

	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2041
Female 65+ as percentage of total pop aged 15-64	9.1	10.1	11.3	12.9	14.5	16.2	18.4
Male 65+ as percentage of total pop aged 15-64	7.6	8.9	10.2	11.9	13.6	15.5	17.9
Total Old Age Dependency Ratio	16.8	19.0	21.6	24.7	28.1	31.7	36.3

Source: Population and Labour Force Projections 2011-2041, Central Statistics Office (April 2008)

European Comparison

Population

Tables A13 to A19 look at the Irish older population in the context of the European Union.

Table A13 shows that the Irish older population is the smallest in terms of proportion of total population. According to Eurostat, the Irish older population made up 10.9 percent of the total population. This compares to an EU average of 16.9 percent, a proportion that Ireland is not due to reach until at least 2026 approximately (see table A9). Italy has the highest proportion of older people in its population, recording a figure of 19.9 percent.

Table A13
People Aged 65 Years and Over as a Percentage of Total Population for EU, 2007

Country	65-79 Years	80+ Years	65+ Years
Austria	12.5	4.7	17.2
Belgium	12.5	4.6	17.1
Bulgaria	13.8	3.5	17.3
Cyprus	9.5	2.8	12.3
Czech Republic	11.1	3.3	14.4
Denmark	11.2	4.1	15.3
Estonia	13.6	3.5	17.1
Finland	12.3	4.2	16.5
France	11.4	4.8	16.2
Germany	15.2	4.6	19.8
Greece	14.7	3.9	18.6
Hungary	12.3	3.6	15.9
Ireland	8.2	2.7	10.9
Italy	14.6	5.3	19.9
Latvia	13.7	3.4	17.1
Lithuania	12.5	3.1	15.6
Luxembourg	10.7	3.3	14.0
Malta	10.8	3.0	13.8
Netherlands	10.8	3.7	14.5
Poland	10.6	2.9	13.4
Portugal	13.2	4.1	17.3
Romania	12.2	2.7	14.9
Slovakia	9.3	2.5	11.9
Slovenia	12.5	3.4	15.9
Spain	12.1	4.5	16.7
Sweden	12.0	5.4	17.4
United Kingdom	11.5	4.5	16.0
EU27	12.6	4.3	16.9

Source: Eurostat
Population as at 1st January

Table A14 compares the trend in the Irish older population with the EU average from 1998 to 2007. This table shows the proportion of older people in the Irish population dropping slightly over the period compared with the ageing trend among the EU.

Table A14
People Aged 65 Years and over as a percentage of total population:
Ireland and EU average, 1998 to 2007

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Ireland	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.1	10.9
EU Average	15.3	15.4	15.6	15.8	16.0	16.2	16.4	16.6	16.8	16.9

Source: Eurostat
Population as at 1st January

Life Expectancy

Tables A15 and A16 present comparisons of life expectancy at age 65 for EU countries obtained from the WHO European Health For All database. At age 65 Irish women are expected to live another 20.3 years compared to an EU average of 20.5. On average women at age 65 can expect to live at least an additional 20 years in twelve of the EU states. Men in Ireland at age 65 are expected to live another 16.8 years, which equals the EU average. The life expectancy of men at 65 is generally lower than that of women. The EU country with the highest life expectancy for women at age 65 is France followed by Italy, Spain and Finland. France is also the country with the highest life expectancy for men at age 65, followed by Italy, Cyprus and Sweden. The EU country with the lowest life expectancy for women at age 65 is Bulgaria while the countries with the lowest life expectancy for men at age 65 are Latvia and Lithuania.

Table A15
Life Expectancy at 65 Years by Gender for EU Countries

Country	Year	Male	Female
Austria	2007	17.7	21.1
Belgium	1999	15.6	19.7
Bulgaria	2004	13.3	16.3
Cyprus	2006	17.8	19.8
Czech Republic	2007	15.2	18.6
Denmark	2006	16.0	19.1
Estonia	2005	13.1	18.1
Finland	2007	17.2	21.4
France	2006	18.3	22.8
Germany	2006	17.2	20.5
Greece	2007	17.5	19.5
Hungary	2005	13.4	17.2
Ireland	2006	16.8	20.3
Italy	2006	18.0	21.9
Latvia	2007	12.9	17.3
Lithuania	2007	12.9	18.0
Luxembourg	2005	17.1	20.4
Malta	2007	16.8	20.4
Netherlands	2007	17.2	20.8
Poland	2006	14.6	18.9
Portugal	2004	16.3	19.8
Romania	2007	14.0	16.9
Slovakia	2005	13.4	17.3
Slovenia	2007	16.0	20.3
Spain	2005	17.3	21.4
Sweden	2006	17.8	21.0
United Kingdom	2007	17.7	20.3
EU27 Average	2007	16.8	20.5

Source: European Health For All database, WHO Regional Office for Europe, Copenhagen, Denmark, January 2009

Table A16 looks at the trend in life expectancy at age 65 in Ireland and the EU average by gender from 1996 to 2006.

Table A16
Life Expectancy at 65 Years by Gender: Ireland and EU Average, 1996 to 2006

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Male:											
Ireland	13.9	14.1	14.2	14.1	14.7	15.1	15.5	15.9	16.3	16.6	16.8
EU Average	15.0	15.2	15.2	15.3	15.7	15.9	15.9	15.9	16.4	16.5	16.8
Female:											
Ireland	17.5	17.7	17.8	17.6	18.0	18.6	18.9	19.2	19.7	19.9	20.3
EU Average	18.8	19.0	19.0	19.1	19.4	19.6	19.6	19.5	20.0	20.1	20.4

Source: European Health For All database, WHO Regional Office for Europe, Copenhagen, Denmark, January 2009

Old Age Dependency Ratio

Tables A17 to A19 give details of the old age dependency ratio (i.e., those aged over 65 years as a proportion of those aged 15 to 64 years) in Europe. Table A16 compares the old age dependency ratio in Ireland with the other EU Member States and the EU average in 2007. Ireland has an old age dependency ratio of 15.8, which is now the lowest in the EU. This compares to the highest ratio of 30.2 percent in Italy and a European average of 25.2 percent.

Table A17
Old Age Dependency Ratio in EU Countries, 2007

Country	Ratio
Austria	25.5
Belgium	25.9
Bulgaria	24.9
Cyprus	17.6
Czech Republic	20.2
Denmark	23.2
Estonia	25.1
Finland	24.8
France	24.9
Germany	29.9
Greece	27.6
Hungary	23.2
Ireland	15.8
Italy	30.2
Latvia	24.8
Lithuania	22.7
Luxembourg	20.7
Malta	19.8
Netherlands	21.5
Poland	19.0
Portugal	25.6
Romania	21.3
Slovakia	16.5
Slovenia	22.7
Spain	24.2
Sweden	26.4
United Kingdom	24.1
European Union	25.2

Source: Eurostat

Table A18 below shows the trend in the old age dependency ratio in Ireland and the EU average from 1997 to 2007. From this table it is clear that the trend in Ireland is quite different from the trend among the EU Member States. Over this period the old age dependency ratio in Ireland has remained below that of the European average and has decreased over this period while the EU average has increased. This is clearly evident when the difference between the two ratios is examined over time.

Table A18
Old Age Dependency Ratio: Ireland and EU Average, 1997 to 2007

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Ireland	17.4	17.2	17.0	16.8	16.6	16.5	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.2	15.8
EU27 Average	22.5	22.8	23.0	23.2	23.5	23.8	24.1	24.3	24.6	24.9	25.2
Difference	5.1	5.6	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.3	7.7	7.9	8.2	8.7	9.4

Source: Eurostat

Table A19 shows that old age dependency ratio is set to increase over time and will still continue to be lower in Ireland than the EU average, although the gap between the two is expected to close again by 2050.

Table A19
Projected Old Age Dependency Ratio: Ireland and EU Average, 2025 and 2050

	2025	2050
Ireland	22.3	40.4
EU Average	34.2	50.4
Difference	11.9	10.0

Source: Eurostat Population Projections, EUROPOP2008, Convergence scenario

Conclusion

This section has looked at the older population in Ireland. From the preceding tables we can see that the majority (55.7%) of the older population is female and that for both genders, the highest numbers are in the 65 to 69 years and 70 to 74 years age bands. Within the Health Regions there is some variation in the absolute numbers of older people and the percentage of the population aged 65 and over. Dublin / North-East has the lowest number and lowest percentage of older people among the four regions. The total number of people aged 65 years and older is projected to increase by a factor of two and a half between 2011 and 2041 and those aged 85 years will be more than four times greater in numbers. Also the old age dependency ratio is due to increase from 16.8 percent in 2011 to 36.3 percent in 2041.

In comparison to our European neighbours, Ireland's older population comprises a smaller proportion of the total population. According to Eurostat, in 2007, 10.9 percent of the Irish population are aged 65 years and older compared to 16.9 percent among the European population. The old age dependency ratio in Ireland is also the lowest in Europe and has been declining over the last decade but is projected to rise in the future. Meanwhile, among most EU Member States the old age dependency ratio has been increasing over the last decade and is due to continue to increase over the next two decades.

Life expectancy at age 65 among the older population in Ireland is now close to the EU average, having lagged behind in the past.

Section B

Survey Results by Category of Long-Stay Unit

This section examines data collected from the survey of long-stay units by category of unit. The following categories are used:

HSE Extended Care Unit	A facility run by the Health Service Executive. These institutions generally provide accommodation for older people who are in need of care for medical reasons.
HSE Welfare Home	A home run by the Health Service Executive. These institutions generally provide accommodation for older people who are in need of long or short-term care for medical or other reasons.
Voluntary Welfare Home	A home run by a charitable non-profit making organisation in which patients are not maintained for the personal profit of the proprietors. This includes all welfare homes run by religious orders as well as homes run by lay charitable organisations. These institutions generally provide accommodation for older people who are in need of long or short-term care for medical or other reasons.
Voluntary Home/Hospital for Older People	A home run by a charitable non-profit making organisation in which patients are not maintained for the personal profit of the proprietors. This includes all nursing homes run by religious orders as well as homes run by lay charitable organisations.
Private Nursing Home	A home which is run as a private business for the care and maintenance of dependent persons. As the term implies, these are nursing homes established by private individuals or by companies in the private sector, which are run on a profit-making basis.

Respondents to the survey select the category on the questionnaire which applies to the long-stay unit of which they are proprietor or which they are managing (see Appendix 1).

Table B1 below gives details of the number of beds of each type, patients and the occupancy rate of long-stay units in the above categories. The overall occupancy rate for long-stay units is 89.9 percent. However this varies from 92.8 percent within the category Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People to 88.5 percent in HSE welfare homes. More than half (59.0%) of patients were resident in private nursing homes and 28.4 percent were in HSE extended care units. This compares to 56.4% and 27.5% respectively in 2006.

Table B1
Long-Stay Units by Category: Number of Beds Available, Number of Patients and the Percentage of Beds Occupied at 31 December 2007

Category	HSE Extended Care Unit	HSE Welfare Home	Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	Voluntary Welfare Home	Private Nursing Home	TOTAL
Long Stay Beds:						
Extended/Continuing Care	4,714	1,018	1,137	257	12,402	19,528
Psychiatry of Old Age	346	30	8	15	605	1,004
Chronic Young Sick	73	1	42	0	117	233
Unspecified Long Stay	303	5	92	26	393	819
Total Long Stay Beds	5,436	1,054	1,279	298	13,517	21,584
Limited Stay Beds:						
Rehabilitation	234	58	61	0	50	403
Convalescence	240	6	23	1	212	482
Palliative	75	4	5	0	32	116
Respite	597	45	121	16	269	1,048
Other Limited Stay	226	17	17	0	131	391
Total Limited Stay Beds	1,372	130	227	17	694	2,440
Total Undesignated	0	0	0	0	5	5
TOTAL BEDS	6,808	1,184	1,506	315	14,216	24,029
% of Beds	28.3	4.9	6.3	1.3	59.2	100.0
TOTAL RESIDENTS	6,127	1,048	1,398	286	12,736	21,595
% of Patients	28.4	4.9	6.5	1.3	59.0	100.0
% Occupancy	90.0	88.5	92.8	90.8	89.6	89.9

Gender and Age

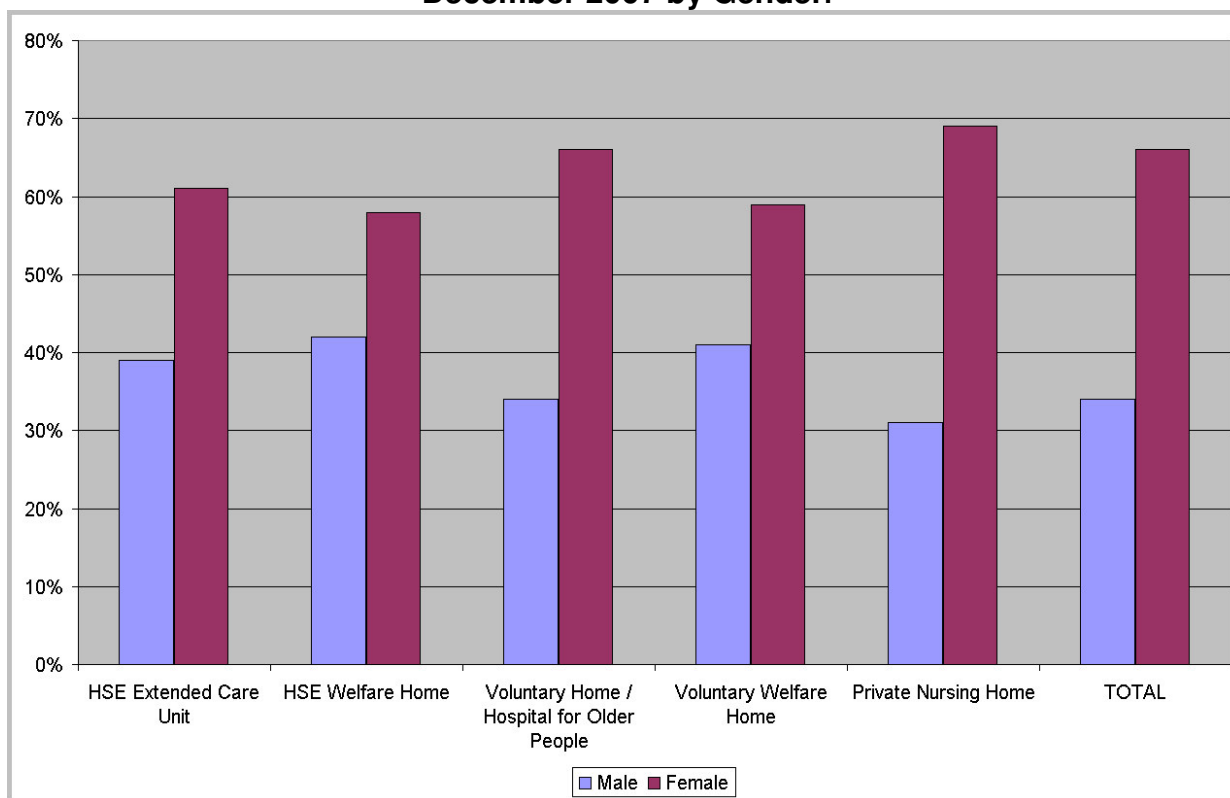
Tables B2 to B5 and figures B1 and B2 look at the gender and age distribution of patients within long-stay units.

Approximately two-thirds (66.1%) of patients are female. This percentage breakdown varies by bed type and by unit type. Just over two thirds of patients in long-stay beds are female (66.5%). This drops to 61.5 percent in limited-stay beds. Nearly 70 percent of patients in private nursing homes are female compared to 57.7 percent in HSE welfare homes.

Table B2
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Gender

Category of Unit	Male	Female	Total
Long Stay			
HSE Extended Care Unit	38.2	61.8	100
HSE Welfare Home	43.3	56.7	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	34.4	65.6	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	41.9	58.1	100
Private Nursing Home	30.5	69.5	100
Total Long Stay	33.5	66.5	100
Limited Stay			
HSE Extended Care Unit	43.5	56.5	100
HSE Welfare Home	28.8	71.2	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	35.2	64.8	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	14.3	85.7	100
Private Nursing Home	32.2	67.8	100
Total Limited Stay	38.5	61.5	100
All Beds			
HSE Extended Care Unit	39.0	61.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	42.3	57.7	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	34.5	65.5	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	41.3	58.7	100
Private Nursing Home	30.5	69.5	100
Total All Beds	33.9	66.1	100

Figure B1
Long-Stay Units By Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Gender.



Nearly two-thirds of patients (66.0%) are aged 80 and over. This varies from 50.9% in voluntary homes/hospitals for older people to 70.1% in private nursing homes.. The proportion of patients aged 95 and over is 4.1%, which ranges from 0.0% in voluntary welfare homes to 4.7% in private nursing homes. There is also variation by bed type. Slightly more than half of patients (50.9%) in limited-stay beds are aged 80 and over, compared to two thirds (67.3%) of patients in long-stay beds.

Table B3
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of All Patients Resident at
31 December 2007 by Age

Category of Unit	Under 40 years	40 to 64 years	65 to 69 years	70 to 74 years	75 to 79 years	80 to 84 years	85 to 89 years	90 to 94 years	95 years and over	Age Unknown	Total
Long Stay											
HSE Extended Care Unit	2.3	6.1	4.0	9.0	14.8	23.1	23.5	13.5	3.6	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	2.7	6.2	13.9	16.1	24.4	21.4	12.7	2.6	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	6.3	20.5	3.7	6.1	12.4	17.0	18.9	11.5	3.7	0.0	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.4	7.2	3.2	6.1	16.8	26.5	36.2	3.6	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	0.6	4.9	3.2	7.0	12.9	22.5	26.5	17.0	4.9	0.4	100
Long Stay	1.4	6.1	3.6	7.8	13.6	22.5	25.2	15.4	4.3	0.3	100
Limited Stay											
HSE Extended Care Unit	6.6	4.3	7.2	10.8	17.9	23.1	17.0	10.8	2.3	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	8.2	9.6	21.9	30.1	9.6	13.7	4.1	2.7	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	9.7	6.1	9.2	5.6	17.9	17.9	16.8	13.3	2.0	1.5	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	0.0	14.3	28.6	0.0	14.3	28.6	14.3	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	1.2	8.3	6.0	13.9	19.8	21.8	16.8	10.8	0.8	0.8	100
Limited Stay	5.1	5.8	7.2	11.6	18.9	21.5	16.8	10.8	1.8	0.4	100
All Beds											
HSE Extended Care Unit	3.0	5.8	4.6	9.3	15.3	23.1	22.5	13.1	3.4	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	3.1	6.4	14.5	17.1	23.4	20.9	12.1	2.6	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	6.8	18.5	4.5	6.0	13.2	17.1	18.6	11.7	3.4	0.2	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.3	7.0	3.5	6.6	16.4	26.2	36.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	0.7	5.0	3.3	7.3	13.2	22.5	26.1	16.8	4.7	0.4	100
All Beds	1.7	6.1	3.9	8.1	14.0	22.4	24.5	15.0	4.1	0.3	100

Female patients show an older age profile compared to male patients. Almost three-quarters (72.4%) of female patients are 80 years or over while just over half (53.5) of male patients fall into this category. Similarly, 5.2 percent of female patients are 95 years or over while only 2.0 percent of males fall into this age category. The age profile of those in limited-stay beds is younger than those in long-stay beds for both sexes.

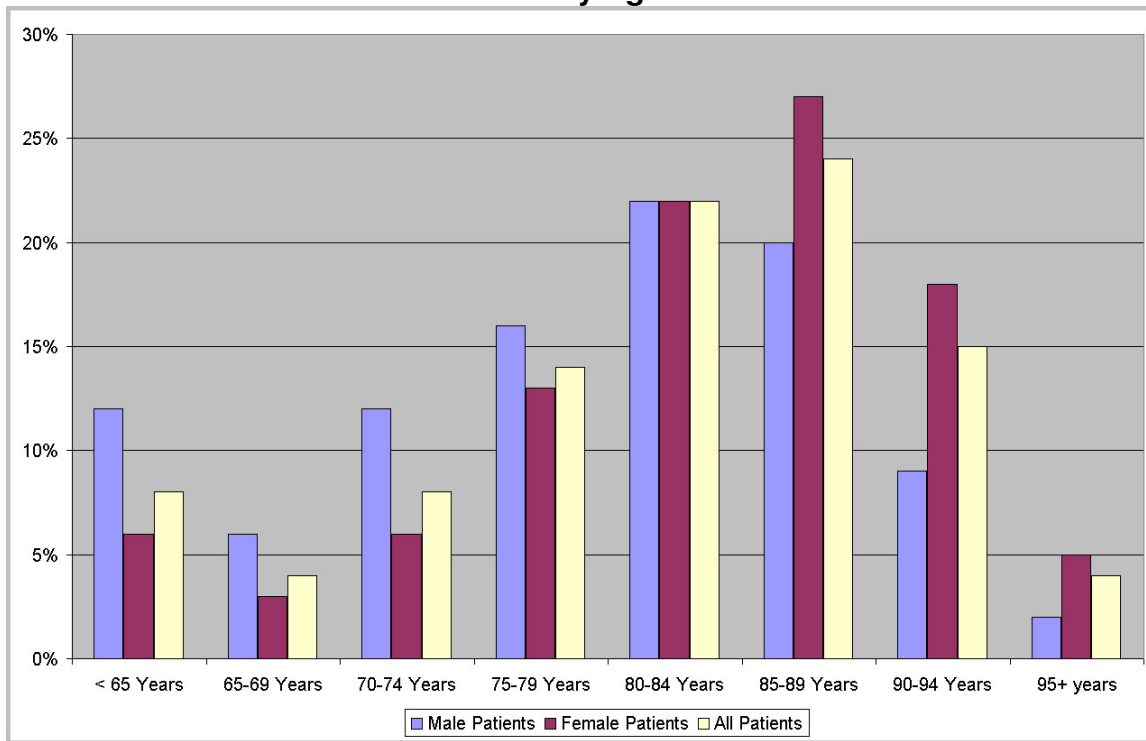
Table B4
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Male Patients Resident
at 31 December 2007 by Age

Category of Unit	Under 40 years	40 to 64 years	65 to 69 years	70 to 74 years	75 to 79 years	80 to 84 years	85 to 89 years	90 to 94 years	95 years and over	Age Unknown	Total
<u>Long Stay</u>											
HSE Extended Care Unit	3.3	8.7	6.2	12.6	17.0	22.8	19.0	8.9	1.4	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	4.3	9.5	17.5	17.5	24.6	18.2	7.6	0.7	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	6.5	23.2	5.6	9.9	13.3	18.4	16.0	6.3	0.7	0.0	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.9	8.5	2.6	7.7	21.4	28.2	29.1	1.7	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	1.4	9.4	5.5	10.7	15.4	22.0	22.1	10.5	2.6	0.3	100
Long Stay	2.2	9.7	5.9	11.6	16.0	22.3	20.7	9.4	2.0	0.2	100
<u>Limited Stay</u>											
HSE Extended Care Unit	8.3	5.5	8.3	13.1	17.4	25.0	13.8	6.4	2.1	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	4.8	19.0	38.1	28.6	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	11.6	5.8	8.7	8.7	17.4	18.8	20.3	4.3	1.4	2.9	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	1.8	11.4	5.4	22.2	17.4	17.4	11.4	12.0	0.6	0.6	100
Limited Stay	6.8	6.9	8.0	15.6	17.7	22.1	13.4	7.4	1.6	0.4	100
<u>All Beds</u>											
HSE Extended Care Unit	4.2	8.1	6.6	12.7	17.1	23.2	18.1	8.5	1.5	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	4.3	9.9	18.5	18.1	23.9	17.4	7.2	0.7	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	7.3	20.7	6.0	9.8	13.9	18.5	16.6	6.0	0.8	0.4	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.8	8.5	2.5	7.6	21.2	28.8	28.8	1.7	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	1.4	9.5	5.5	11.2	15.5	21.8	21.6	10.5	2.5	0.3	100
All Beds	2.6	9.4	6.1	12.0	16.2	22.3	20.0	9.2	2.0	0.2	100

Table B5
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Female Patients Resident at
31 December 2007 by Age

Category of Unit	Under 40 years	40 to 64 years	65 to 69 years	70 to 74 years	75 to 79 years	80 to 84 years	85 to 89 years	90 to 94 years	95 years and over	Age Unknown	Total
<u>Long Stay</u>											
HSE Extended Care Unit	1.7	4.5	2.7	6.8	13.5	23.3	26.3	16.3	4.9	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	1.4	3.6	11.2	15.0	24.2	23.9	16.6	4.0	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	6.2	19.0	2.8	4.1	11.9	16.2	20.4	14.2	5.2	0.0	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	6.2	3.7	4.9	13.6	25.3	41.4	4.9	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	0.3	2.9	2.2	5.4	11.7	22.7	28.5	19.9	5.9	0.4	100
Long Stay	1.0	4.3	2.4	5.9	12.3	22.6	27.5	18.4	5.5	0.3	100
<u>Limited Stay</u>											
HSE Extended Care Unit	5.3	3.5	6.4	9.0	18.3	21.6	19.4	14.1	2.4	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	9.6	5.8	15.4	30.8	9.6	19.2	5.8	3.8	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	8.7	6.3	9.4	3.9	18.1	17.3	15.0	18.1	2.4	0.8	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	0.0	16.7	33.3	0.0	0.0	33.3	16.7	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	0.9	6.8	6.3	9.9	21.0	23.9	19.3	10.2	0.9	0.9	100
Limited Stay	4.0	5.2	6.7	9.1	19.7	21.1	18.9	12.9	1.9	0.4	100
<u>All Beds</u>											
HSE Extended Care Unit	2.2	4.4	3.2	7.1	14.2	23.0	25.3	16.0	4.5	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.0	2.1	3.8	11.6	16.4	23.0	23.5	15.7	4.0	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	6.6	17.2	3.7	4.0	12.8	16.4	19.7	14.7	4.8	0.1	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	6.0	4.2	6.0	13.1	24.4	41.1	5.4	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	0.3	3.1	2.3	5.6	12.1	22.8	28.1	19.5	5.7	0.5	100
All Beds	1.2	4.3	2.7	6.1	12.9	22.5	26.8	18.0	5.2	0.3	100

Figure B2
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31
December 2007 by Age and Gender



Dependency

Respondents were asked to indicate how their patients were distributed across four dependency levels of low, medium, high and maximum. The definitions for these categories are as follows:

Low Dependency Persons who need some support in the community and the more independent residents in residential accommodation who require little nursing care. They are usually independently mobile but may use a walking stick and have difficulty managing stairs.

Medium Dependency Person whose independence is impaired to the extent that he or she requires residential care because the appropriate support and nursing care required by the person cannot be provided by the community. Mobility is impaired to the extent that the person requires supervision or a walking aid.

High Dependency Independence is impaired to the extent that the person requires residential care but is not bed bound. The person may have a combination of physical and mental disabilities, may be confused at times and be incontinent. He/she may require a walking aid and physical assistance to walk.

Maximum Dependency People whose independence is impaired to the extent that he/she requires nursing care. The person is likely to be bed bound, requires assistance with all aspects of physical care and may be ambulant but confused, disturbed and incontinent.

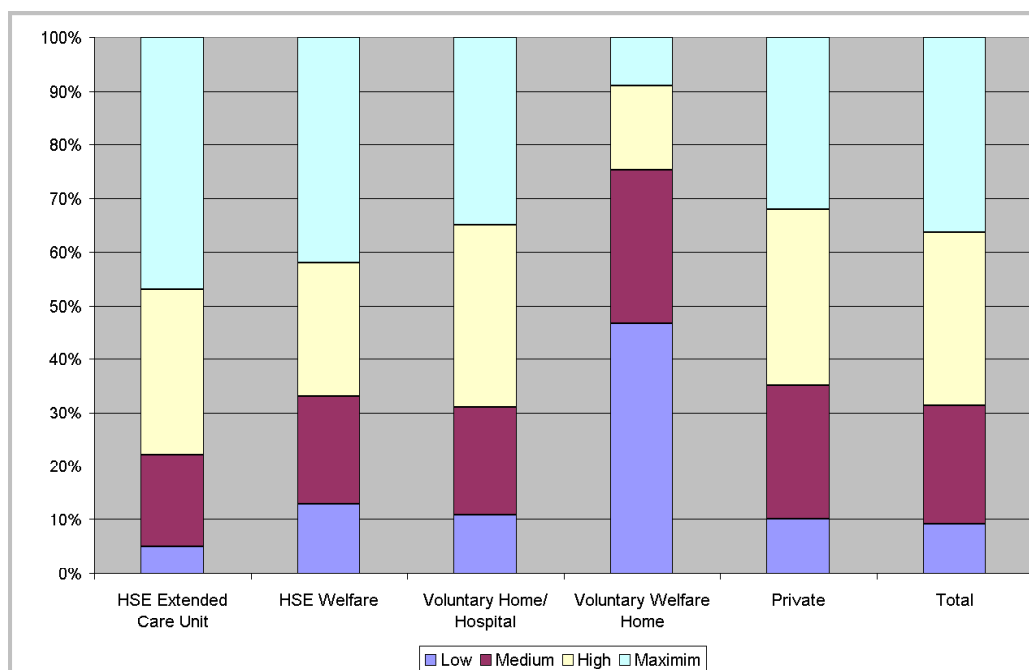
Table B6 gives details of the distribution of patients according to their dependency category and by bed type and long-stay unit category. The largest proportion of patients is in the maximum dependency category, which means they require a high degree of nursing care and assistance.

Levels of dependency are similar across most categories of units except for voluntary welfare homes. The units within this category reported the lowest proportion (24.5%) of patients in the high and maximum dependency categories compared to over 75 percent in the other categories. Almost three quarters (70.3%) of patients in long-stay beds are in the high or maximum dependency categories compared to just slightly less than half (48.7%) of patients in limited-stay beds.

Table B6
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Level of Dependency

Category of Unit	Low Dependency	Medium Dependency	High Dependency	Maximum Dependency	Total
Long Stay					
HSE Extended Care Unit	3.7	14.6	30.2	51.5	100
HSE Welfare Home	13.4	19.5	24.1	43.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	11.5	18.8	34.9	34.9	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	45.2	29.7	16.1	9.0	100
Private Nursing Home	9.5	23.7	34.0	32.8	100
Long Stay	8.8	20.9	32.3	38.0	100
Limited Stay					
HSE Extended Care Unit	14.1	28.7	34.3	23.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	8.2	32.9	37.0	21.9	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	10.2	28.1	26.5	35.2	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	22.4	50.5	18.7	8.5	100
Limited Stay	16.2	35.1	28.8	19.9	100
All Beds					
HSE Extended Care Unit	5.3	16.8	30.9	47.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	13.1	20.4	25.0	41.5	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	11.3	20.1	33.7	34.9	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	46.5	29.0	15.7	8.7	100
Private Nursing Home	10.0	24.8	33.4	31.8	100
All Beds	9.4	22.1	32.0	36.5	100

Figure B3
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Level of Dependency



Medico/Social Status

Respondents were asked to categorise their patients according to their Medico/Social Status (i.e., the main reason for residence) at 31st December 2007. Eleven categories were provided:

Respite	Dependent persons admitted for short periods of time in order to assist their carers in their task of caring.
Chronic Mental Illness	'Mental illness' means a state of mind of a person which affects the person's thinking, perceiving, emotion or judgement and which seriously impairs the mental function of the person to the extent that he or she requires care or medical treatment in his or her own interest or in the interest of other persons. For mental illness to be chronic it would have to be sustained continuously without remission over a period of time.
Chronic Physical Illness	There is no formal definition of chronic physical disease but such illness would normally be characterised by having lasted a long period of time, is usually irreversible, and may be progressive.
Convalescence	Persons admitted for short periods of time in order to allow them to recuperate after an illness/injury.
Rehabilitation	Persons admitted for short periods of time in order to allow them to receive rehabilitation after an illness/injury.
Dementia	Severe dementia means a deterioration of the brain of a person which significantly impairs the intellectual function of the person thereby affecting thought, comprehension and memory and which includes severe psychiatric or behavioural symptoms such as physical aggression.
Physical Disability	Physical disability, in relation to a person, means a substantial restriction in the capacity of the person to carry on a profession, business or occupation in the State or to participate in social or cultural life in the State by reason of an enduring physical impairment.
Intellectual Disability	Significant intellectual disability means a state of arrested or incomplete development of mind of a person which includes significant impairment of intelligence and social functioning and abnormally aggressive or seriously irresponsible conduct on the part of the person.
Social Reasons	This category covers admissions for reasons other than medical ones.
Palliative Care	Palliative care beds are allocated to patients at a time when the medical expectation is no longer cure.

Other Reasons

The category with the largest proportion of patients was chronic physical illness (29.9%) followed by dementia (25.6%). Together these two reasons accounted for over half of cases in all categories of long-stay units except for voluntary homes / hospitals for older people and voluntary welfare homes. In the former category, a larger proportion (39.9%) suffered from physical or intellectual disabilities, while in voluntary welfare homes, just over one-third (36.4%) of patients are resident for social reasons, followed by 27.6% for chronic physical illness and only 7.6% for dementia. HSE welfare homes have the next largest percentage (15.6%) of patients resident for social reasons.

Two thirds (69.7%) of patients in limited-stay beds are there for respite, convalescence or rehabilitation. These categories account for 1.5% of patients in long-stay beds.

Table B7
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by
Medico/Social Status

Category of Unit	Respite	Chronic Mental Illness	Chronic Physical Illness	Convalescence	Rehabilitation	Dementia	Physical Disability	Intellectual Disability	Social Reasons	Palliative Care	Other	Total
Long Stay												
HSE Extended Care Unit	0.7	5.4	45.0	0.2	0.6	20.7	5.6	5.9	9.7	0.7	5.5	100
HSE Welfare Home	0.3	11.7	38.7	0.0	2.1	17.7	5.8	1.5	16.7	0.2	5.2	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	0.4	2.2	15.9	0.2	0.1	20.6	24.0	20.2	8.1	0.9	7.3	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	2.2	28.3	0.0	0.0	7.2	15.1	0.0	37.3	0.0	10.0	100
Private Nursing Home	0.3	6.7	27.0	0.8	0.3	32.3	13.4	2.0	8.6	1.1	7.5	100
Long Stay	0.4	6.3	31.6	0.6	0.5	27.5	11.6	4.1	9.6	0.9	6.9	100
Limited Stay												
HSE Extended Care Unit	35.0	0.8	14.8	17.1	15.3	4.2	1.0	0.1	2.7	5.3	3.6	100
HSE Welfare Home	42.5	6.8	0.0	9.6	24.7	12.3	2.7	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	28.1	0.0	18.4	10.7	17.9	4.6	1.0	13.3	3.6	2.6	0.0	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	42.4	0.6	2.9	28.7	6.4	2.1	0.8	0.2	5.6	3.1	7.3	100
Limited Stay	37.0	0.9	11.0	19.4	13.3	4.0	1.0	1.6	3.5	4.1	4.1	100
All Beds												
HSE Extended Care Unit	6.1	4.7	40.2	2.9	2.9	18.1	4.9	5.0	8.6	1.4	5.2	100
HSE Welfare Home	3.2	11.4	36.0	0.7	3.6	17.4	5.6	1.4	15.6	0.3	4.9	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	4.3	1.9	16.2	1.7	2.6	18.4	20.7	19.2	7.4	1.1	6.3	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	2.4	2.1	27.6	0.0	0.0	7.0	14.7	0.0	36.4	0.0	9.8	100
Private Nursing Home	2.0	6.4	26.0	1.9	0.6	31.1	12.8	1.9	8.4	1.2	7.5	100
All Beds	3.4	5.8	29.9	2.1	1.5	25.6	10.8	3.9	9.1	1.2	6.7	100

Admissions

Respondents were asked about the number of admissions during 2007 and the source of these admissions. The following categories were provided:

- from the community (e.g., the patient's home)
- from an acute hospital
- from another long-stay hospital/home (including private nursing homes)
- from other sources

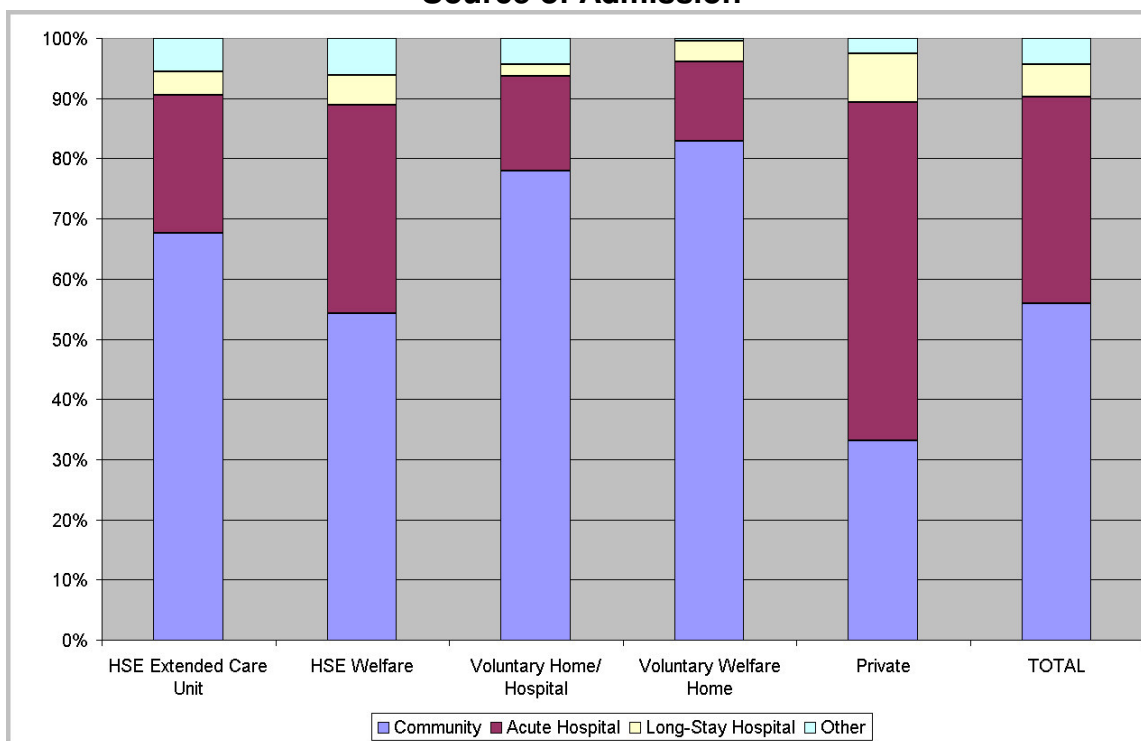
More than half of admissions (55.9%) during 2007 came from the community, ranging from 82.9 percent in voluntary welfare homes to 55.4 percent in HSE welfare homes. The largest proportion of admissions to private nursing homes was from acute hospitals (56.1%) while only 33.2 percent were from the community. Voluntary welfare homes had the smallest proportion of admissions from acute hospitals at 13.2%. Admissions from sources other than the community and acute hospitals amounted to only 8.7% of all admissions to long-stay units.

Almost half (46.8%) of admissions to long-stay beds were from acute hospitals, with another 33.5 percent from the community and 14.5 percent from other long-stay hospitals/homes. Two thirds (62.2%) of admissions to limited-stay beds were from the community with another 30.9 percent admitted from an acute hospital.

Table B8
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Admitted
During 2007 by Source of Admission

Category of Unit	Community	Acute Hospital	Long-Stay Hospital / Home	Other	Total
<u>Long Stay</u>					
HSE Extended Care Unit	34.2	45.6	10.5	9.7	100
HSE Welfare Home	24.1	44.4	21.4	10.2	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	32.5	40.5	14.0	13.0	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	33.0	52.3	13.6	1.1	100
Private Nursing Home	33.7	47.7	16.0	2.6	100
Long Stay	33.5	46.8	14.5	5.3	100
<u>Limited Stay</u>					
HSE Extended Care Unit	72.2	19.8	3.1	5.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	59.1	33.1	2.3	5.4	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	83.9	12.5	0.3	3.2	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	97.9	1.4	0.3	0.3	100
Private Nursing Home	32.9	61.5	3.1	2.5	100
Limited Stay	62.2	30.9	2.8	4.1	100
<u>All Beds</u>					
HSE Extended Care Unit	67.6	22.9	4.0	5.5	100
HSE Welfare Home	54.2	34.7	5.0	6.1	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	77.9	15.8	1.9	4.4	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	82.9	13.2	3.4	0.5	100
Private Nursing Home	33.2	56.1	8.2	2.5	100
All Beds	55.9	34.4	5.3	4.4	100

Figure B4
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients During 2007 by Source of Admission



Discharges

Respondents were asked how many patients were discharged throughout the year and the destination of the patients who were discharged. The categories provided were:

- into the community
- into an acute hospital
- into another long-stay hospital or home
- other destination
- deceased

Table B9 and Figure B5 give details of the destination of patients upon discharge. Nearly three-quarters of patients (71.6%) were discharged back into the community. The largest proportion of patients from all categories of long-stay units fell into this category though the proportion varies from 59.5 percent among patients in HSE welfare homes to 84.0 percent among patients in voluntary hospitals/homes for older people

12.0 percent of patients died while resident a long-stay unit. There is a variation in this category from 7.7 percent among patients in HSE extended care units to 20.3 percent among patients in private nursing homes.

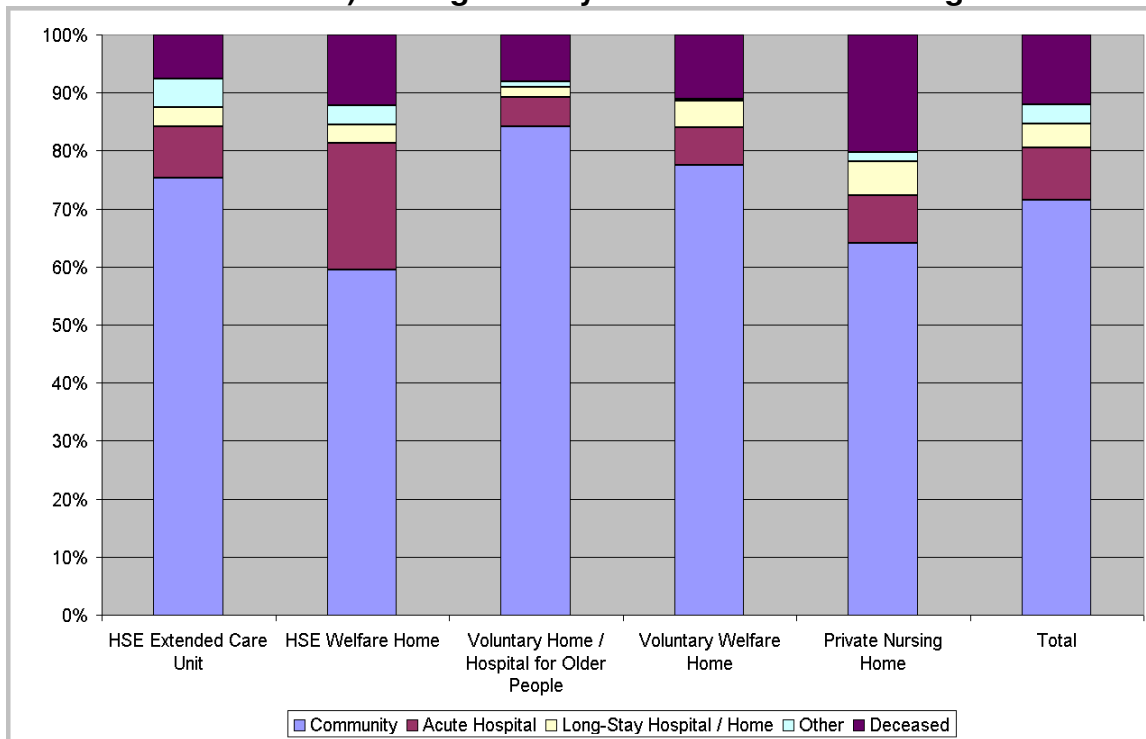
Discharge patterns are very different when comparing bed type. Over half of patients (52.3%) in long-stay beds are discharged on death compared to 2.3% of patients in limited-stay beds. The majority (84.6%) of patients in limited-stay beds are discharged into the community.

Table B9
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged
(including Deceased) During 2007 by Destination of Discharge

Category of Unit	Community	Acute Hospital	Long-Stay Hospital / Home	Other	Death	Total
Long Stay						
HSE Extended Care Unit	16.3	24.3	5.3	8.5	45.5	100
HSE Welfare Home	2.8	31.0	5.1	1.7	59.4	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	24.1	17.1	1.7	1.4	55.7	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	28.0	21.3	1.3	49.3	100
Private Nursing Home	18.8	11.9	10.7	2.9	55.7	100
Long Stay	17.3	17.4	8.3	4.7	52.3	100
Limited Stay						
HSE Extended Care Unit	83.4	6.7	3.1	4.3	2.5	100
HSE Welfare Home	70.9	19.9	2.7	3.8	2.7	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	92.7	3.4	1.9	0.8	1.2	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	86.9	6.4	3.6	0.7	2.4	100
Limited Stay	84.6	7.0	3.1	3.0	2.3	100
All Beds						
HSE Extended Care Unit	75.2	8.9	3.3	4.8	7.7	100
HSE Welfare Home	59.5	21.8	3.1	3.4	12.2	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	84.0	5.1	1.8	0.9	8.1	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	77.6	6.3	4.8	0.3	11.0	100
Private Nursing Home	64.0	8.2	6.0	1.5	20.3	100
All Beds	71.6	9.0	4.1	3.4	12.0	100

Figure B5

Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged (including Deceased) During 2007 by Destination of Discharge



Length of Stay

In relation to patients who had been discharged, respondents were asked how long they had resided in their long-stay unit. Roughly four-fifths of patients (83.5%) resided for less than three months. This varied from 72.0 percent among HSE welfare homes to 90.3 percent among patients in voluntary homes / hospitals for older people. Table B10 below gives details of patients' length of stay by long-stay unit category.

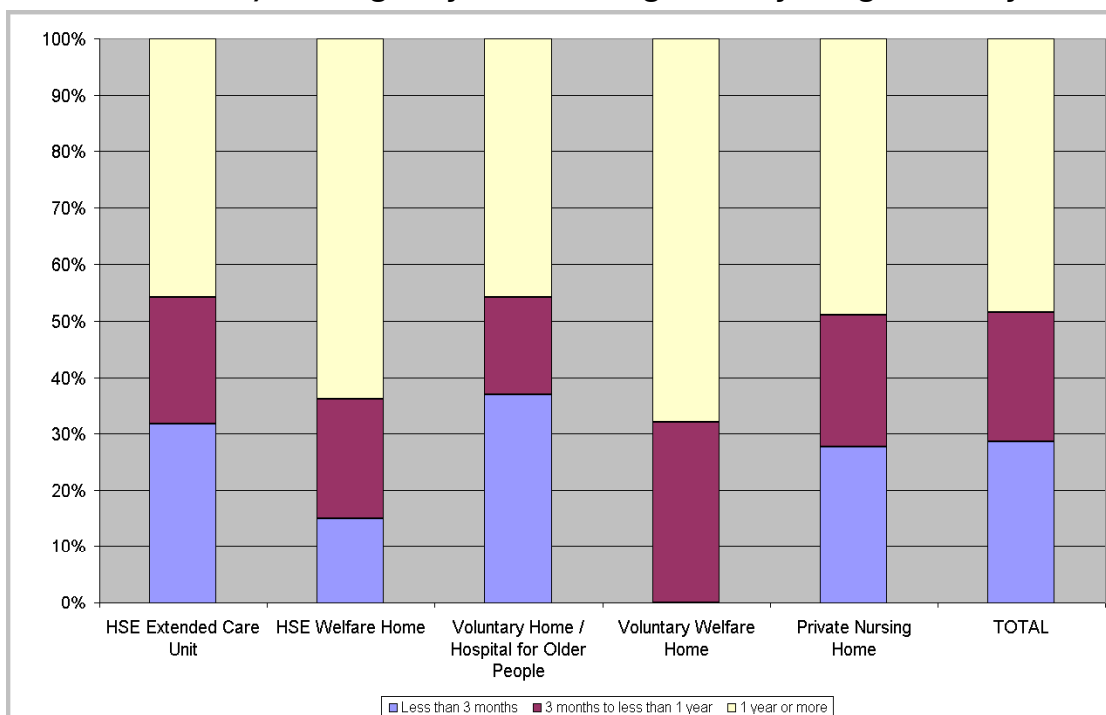
Almost all (96.7%) of patients in limited-stay beds had a length of stay of less than three months. The length of stay of patients in long-stay beds is more varied though over a quarter (28.7%) have a length of stay of less than three months.

Figure B6 re-categorises length of stay of patients in long-stay beds into three categories - less than three months, three months to less than one year and one year and over. It is clear that there is some variation among the categories of long-stay unit. Roughly two thirds of patients in HSE welfare homes, (63.9%) and three-quarters in voluntary welfare homes (68.0%) have a length of stay of one year or more. This figure drops to approximately one half of patients in voluntary homes/hospitals for older people (45.8%), private nursing homes (48.9%) and HSE extended care units (45.9%). Voluntary and HSE welfare homes have the lowest proportion of patients with a length of stay of less than three months (0.0% and 14.8% respectively).

Table B10
Long-Stay Units by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged
(including Deceased) During 2007 by Length of Stay

Category of Unit	Less than 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 4 years	4 to 6 years	6 to 10 years	Over 10 years	Total
Long Stay									
HSE Extended Care Unit	31.8	12.0	10.4	12.7	15.9	7.5	6.6	3.2	100
HSE Welfare Home	14.8	10.2	11.1	17.0	19.6	11.4	11.1	4.8	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	36.9	7.0	10.4	15.4	14.7	7.7	4.6	3.4	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	0.0	25.3	6.7	12.0	9.3	8.0	33.3	5.3	100
Private Nursing Home	27.5	11.0	12.5	16.0	17.7	8.5	4.9	1.8	100
Long Stay	28.7	11.2	11.6	14.9	16.9	8.3	6.0	2.5	100
Limited Stay									
HSE Extended Care Unit	97.5	1.9	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
HSE Welfare Home	83.5	12.3	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	98.0	1.3	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Private Nursing Home	96.9	2.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
Limited Stay	96.7	2.4	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
All Beds									
HSE Extended Care Unit	89.5	3.2	1.6	1.6	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.4	100
HSE Welfare Home	72.0	12.0	5.4	2.9	3.3	1.9	1.9	0.8	100
Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	90.3	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.9	1.0	0.6	0.4	100
Voluntary Welfare Home	77.6	5.7	1.5	2.7	2.1	1.8	7.5	1.2	100
Private Nursing Home	73.6	5.0	4.6	5.6	6.0	2.9	1.7	0.6	100
All Beds	83.5	4.1	2.8	3.0	3.3	1.6	1.2	0.5	100

Figure B6
Long-Stay by Category: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged (including Deceased) in Long-stay Beds During 2007 By Length of Stay



Section C

Survey Results by Regional Health Office

Section C re-examines the data collected in the 2007 survey but presents it by the HSE region in which each unit was located on 31 December 2007.

The southern region reported the highest number of beds (6,915) accounting for more than a quarter (28.1%) of all beds reported in the survey. The region with the lowest reported number of beds was Dublin/ North-East at 4,147 or 17.3 percent of beds.

The overall occupancy rate among long-stay units was 89.9 percent. This varied from 87.8 percent in long-stay units in the HSE West region to 92.4 percent in units in Dublin / Mid-Leinster

Table C1 below gives details by area of numbers of beds by type, residents, percentage of beds and patients in each area and percentage occupancy.

Table C1
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Number of Beds Available, Number of Patients and the Percentage of Beds Occupied at 31 December 2007

Regional Health Office	Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	Dublin/ North-East	South	West	TOTAL
Long Stay Beds:					
Extended/Continuing Care	5,276	3,509	5,839	4,904	19,528
Psychiatry of Old Age	353	185	196	270	1,004
Chronic Young Sick	121	43	46	23	233
Unspecified Long Stay	384	163	90	182	819
Total Long Stay Beds	6,134	3,900	6,171	5,379	21,584
Limited Stay Beds:					
Rehabilitation	102	30	152	119	403
Convalescence	72	24	165	221	482
Palliative	17	4	48	47	116
Respite	334	185	265	264	1,048
Other Limited Stay	83	4	114	190	391
Total Limited Stay Beds	608	247	744	841	2,440
Total Undesignated	0	0	0	5	5
TOTAL BEDS	6,742	4,147	6,915	6,225	24,029
% of Beds	28.1	17.3	28.8	25.9	100.0
TOTAL RESIDENTS	6,229	3,751	6,148	5,467	21,595
% of Patients	28.8	17.4	28.5	25.3	100.0
% Occupancy	92.4	90.5	88.9	87.8	89.9

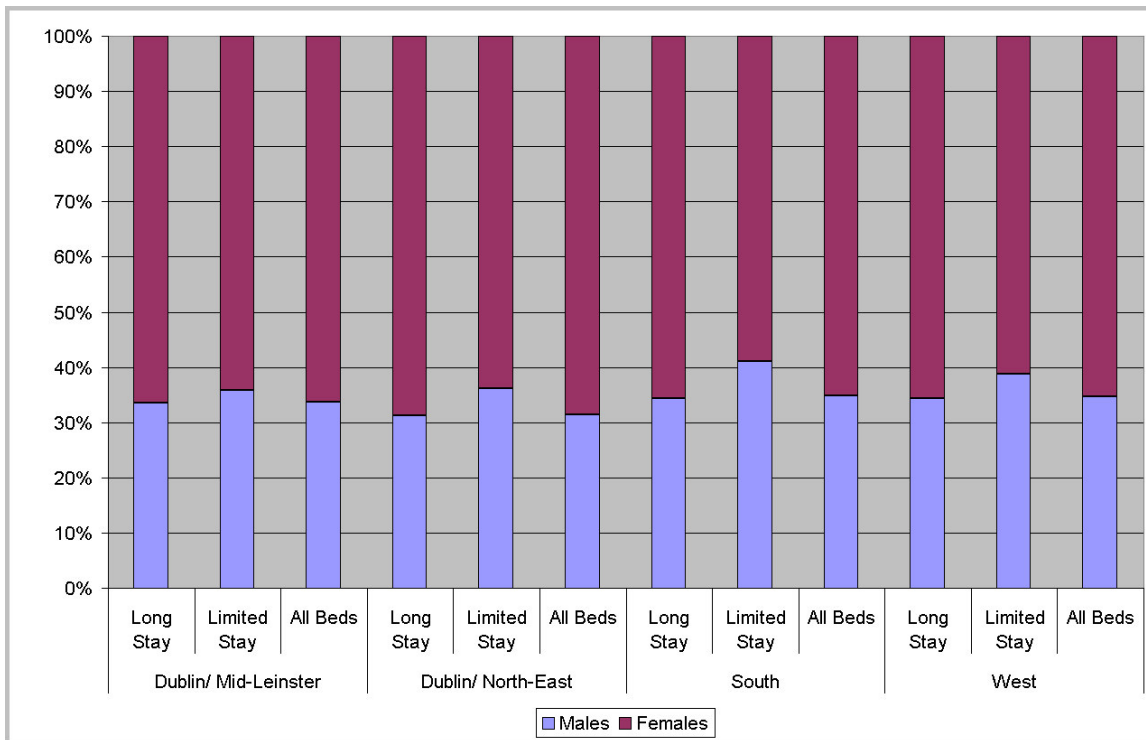
Gender and Age

Tables C2 to C5 and Figures C1 look at the gender and age distribution of patients within each region. Table C2 gives details of the gender profile of patients within each area which shows that about 66.1% of patients are female and that there is not much variation within the four regions. There is a slightly higher proportion of female patients in long-stay beds (66.5%) than in limited-stay beds (61.5%).

Table C2
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office:
Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31
December 2007 by Gender

Regional Health Office	Male	Female	Total
Long Stay			
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	33.5	66.5	100
Dublin/ North-East	31.2	68.8	100
South	34.3	65.7	100
West	34.3	65.7	100
Total Long Stay	33.5	66.5	100
Limited Stay			
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	35.8	64.2	100
Dublin/ North-East	36.1	63.9	100
South	41.0	59.0	100
West	38.8	61.2	100
Total Limited Stay	38.5	61.5	100
All Beds			
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	33.7	66.3	100
Dublin/ North-East	31.5	68.5	100
South	34.9	65.1	100
West	34.7	65.3	100
Total All Beds	33.9	66.1	100

Figure C1
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients
Resident at 31 December 2007 by Bed Type and Gender



Approximately half (46.9%) of patients are aged 80 to 89 years and there is a further 15.0 percent aged 90 to 94 years together with 4.1 percent aged 95 years and over, making a total of 66.0 percent aged 80 years and over. There is a slightly lower proportion of patients in limited-stay beds aged 80 years or over (50.9%)

than in long-stay beds (67.3%), while the proportion of patients aged 80 years and over varies from 62.1 percent in Dublin/Mid-leinster to 69.2 percent in the West.

Table C3
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of All Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Age

Regional Health Office	Under 40 years	40 to 64 years	65 to 69 years	70 to 74 years	75 to 79 years	80 to 84 years	85 to 89 years	90 to 94 years	95 years and over	Age Unknown	Total
Long Stay											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	3.2	9.9	3.4	6.8	12.4	21.1	23.8	14.0	4.5	0.8	100
Dublin/ North-East	1.4	6.4	3.4	8.2	14.2	20.3	24.9	16.7	4.5	0.0	100
South	0.4	4.1	3.9	8.5	14.3	24.4	25.2	15.1	4.0	0.0	100
West	0.3	3.5	3.5	7.9	13.7	23.6	26.9	16.3	4.2	0.0	100
Long Stay	1.4	6.1	3.6	7.8	13.6	22.5	25.2	15.4	4.3	0.3	100
Limited Stay											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	18.6	7.2	4.2	7.7	17.4	17.2	15.6	10.0	2.1	0.0	100
Dublin/ North-East	2.2	2.2	6.1	11.1	18.9	27.2	18.9	9.4	1.7	2.2	100
South	0.5	5.7	10.5	12.2	19.3	24.8	15.7	9.6	1.2	0.5	100
West	0.4	6.1	6.5	14.2	19.6	19.6	18.2	13.0	2.3	0.0	100
Limited Stay	5.1	5.8	7.2	11.6	18.9	21.5	16.8	10.8	1.8	0.4	100
All Beds											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	4.3	9.7	3.5	6.8	12.7	20.8	23.3	13.7	4.3	0.8	100
Dublin/ North-East	1.4	6.2	3.5	8.4	14.4	20.7	24.6	16.4	4.3	0.1	100
South	0.4	4.3	4.6	8.8	14.8	24.4	24.3	14.6	3.8	0.1	100
West	0.3	3.8	3.8	8.6	14.3	23.2	26.0	16.0	4.0	0.0	100
All Beds	1.7	6.1	3.9	8.1	14.0	22.4	24.5	15.0	4.1	0.3	100

Table C4
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Male Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Age

Regional Health Office	Under 40 years	40 to 64 years	65 to 69 years	70 to 74 years	75 to 79 years	80 to 84 years	85 to 89 years	90 to 94 years	95 years and over	Age Unknown	Total
Long Stay											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	4.7	14.8	5.5	9.6	15.2	20.0	19.3	8.7	1.7	0.6	100
Dublin/ North-East	2.9	11.9	6.1	12.9	15.4	19.6	19.1	10.2	1.9	0.0	100
South	0.7	6.8	6.4	12.6	17.0	24.2	21.1	9.3	2.0	0.1	100
West	0.5	5.5	5.8	12.0	16.3	24.7	22.8	9.9	2.4	0.0	100
Long Stay	2.2	9.7	5.9	11.6	16.0	22.3	20.7	9.4	2.0	0.2	100
Limited Stay											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	26.6	6.5	5.2	9.1	13.0	18.8	11.0	9.1	0.6	0.0	100
Dublin/ North-East	3.1	1.5	4.6	10.8	21.5	29.2	13.8	10.8	3.1	1.5	100
South	0.4	7.1	11.8	17.2	18.1	26.9	13.0	3.8	0.8	0.8	100
West	0.9	8.6	6.8	19.9	19.5	17.2	15.4	9.0	2.7	0.0	100
Limited Stay	6.8	6.9	8.0	15.6	17.7	22.1	13.4	7.4	1.6	0.4	100
All Beds											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	6.3	14.2	5.4	9.5	15.0	19.9	18.7	8.7	1.6	0.5	100
Dublin/ North-East	2.9	11.4	6.0	12.8	15.8	20.1	18.8	10.3	1.9	0.1	100
South	0.7	6.8	7.0	13.1	17.1	24.5	20.2	8.7	1.9	0.1	100
West	0.6	5.9	5.9	13.0	16.7	23.9	21.9	9.8	2.4	0.0	100
All Beds	2.6	9.4	6.1	12.0	16.2	22.3	20.0	9.2	2.0	0.2	100

Table C5
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Female Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Age

Regional Health Office	Under 40 years	40 to 64 years	65 to 69 years	70 to 74 years	75 to 79 years	80 to 84 years	85 to 89 years	90 to 94 years	95 years and over	Age Unknown	Total
Long Stay											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	2.5	7.4	2.4	5.4	11.0	21.6	26.1	16.7	5.9	1.0	100
Dublin/ North-East	0.7	3.9	2.1	6.1	13.6	20.7	27.6	19.7	5.6	0.0	100
South	0.3	2.8	2.7	6.3	12.9	24.5	27.3	18.1	5.1	0.0	100
West	0.2	2.5	2.3	5.8	12.3	23.0	29.1	19.7	5.2	0.0	100
Long Stay	1.0	4.3	2.4	5.9	12.3	22.6	27.5	18.4	5.5	0.3	100
Limited Stay											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	14.1	7.6	3.6	6.9	19.9	16.3	18.1	10.5	2.9	0.0	100
Dublin/ North-East	1.7	2.6	7.0	11.3	17.4	26.1	21.7	8.7	0.9	2.6	100
South	0.6	4.7	9.6	8.7	20.1	23.3	17.5	13.7	1.5	0.3	100
West	0.0	4.6	6.3	10.6	19.8	21.2	20.1	15.5	2.0	0.0	100
Limited Stay	4.0	5.2	6.7	9.1	19.7	21.1	18.9	12.9	1.9	0.4	100
All Beds											
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	3.2	7.5	2.5	5.5	11.6	21.3	25.6	16.3	5.7	0.9	100
Dublin/ North-East	0.7	3.9	2.3	6.3	13.8	20.9	27.3	19.2	5.4	0.1	100
South	0.3	2.9	3.3	6.6	13.5	24.4	26.5	17.7	4.8	0.1	100
West	0.1	2.7	2.7	6.3	13.1	22.8	28.2	19.3	4.9	0.0	100
All Beds	1.2	4.3	2.7	6.1	12.9	22.5	26.8	18.0	5.2	0.3	100

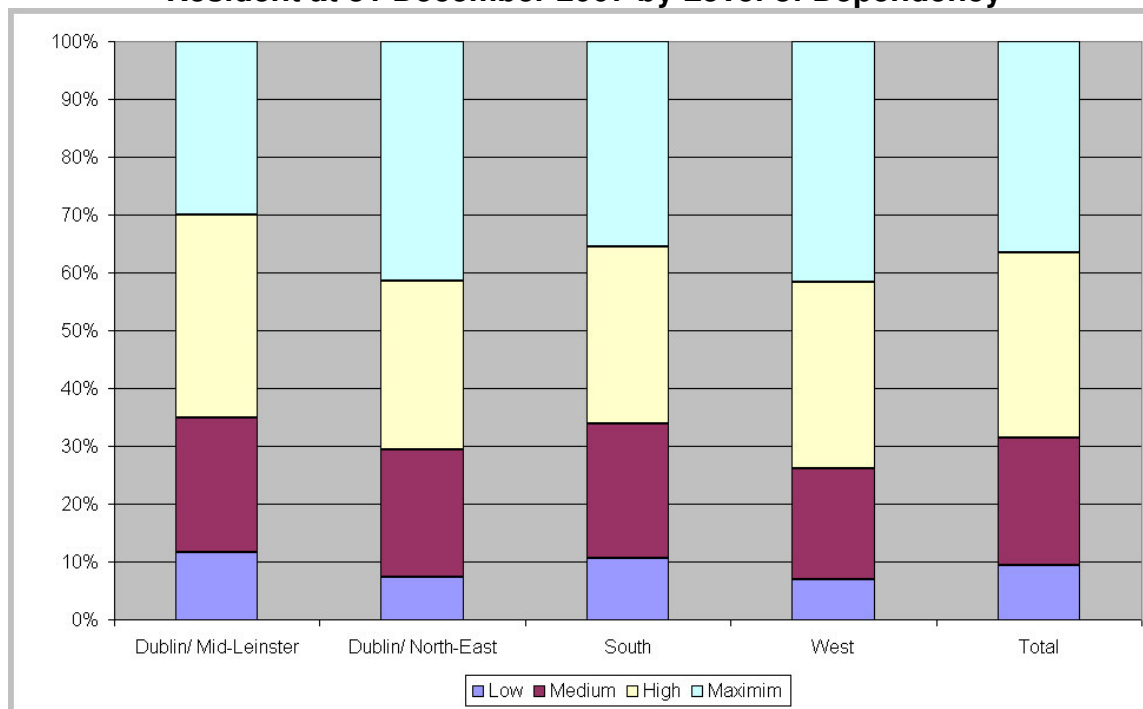
Dependency

Table C6 and figure C2 below give details of dependency levels among patients within each region. Over two thirds of patients (68.5%) are either in the high dependency or maximum dependency category (See the corresponding paragraph in section B for definitions). Units within the Western region reported the highest levels of dependency among their patients. Nearly three-quarters (73.8%) of patients in this region were categorised as high or maximum dependency and over a quarter (25.9%) of patients in long-stay beds were categorised as such. The Dublin Mid-Leinster region had the smallest proportion (65.0%) of patients placed in the highest two dependency categories.

Table C6
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Level of Dependency

Regional Health Office	Low Dependency	Medium Dependency	High Dependency	Maximum Dependency	Total
Long Stay					
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	10.6	22.3	36.1	31.0	100
Dublin/ North-East	7.0	21.2	29.3	42.5	100
South	10.4	21.9	30.6	37.2	100
West	6.1	18.0	32.1	43.8	100
Long Stay	8.8	20.9	32.3	38.0	100
Limited Stay					
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	24.0	38.8	20.0	17.2	100
Dublin/ North-East	13.9	36.7	29.4	20.0	100
South	12.4	36.7	31.2	19.8	100
West	14.9	30.2	32.8	22.1	100
Limited Stay	16.2	35.1	28.8	19.9	100
All Beds					
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	11.6	23.4	34.9	30.1	100
Dublin/ North-East	7.3	22.0	29.3	41.4	100
South	10.6	23.3	30.7	35.5	100
West	7.0	19.2	32.2	41.6	100
All Beds	9.4	22.1	32.0	36.5	100

Figure C2
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Level of Dependency



Medico/Social Status

As stated in Section B the single largest proportion of patients are resident in a long-stay unit due to chronic physical illness. Table C7 and Figure C3 give details of medico/social status of patients by bed type within each region.

Table C7

Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Medico/Social Status

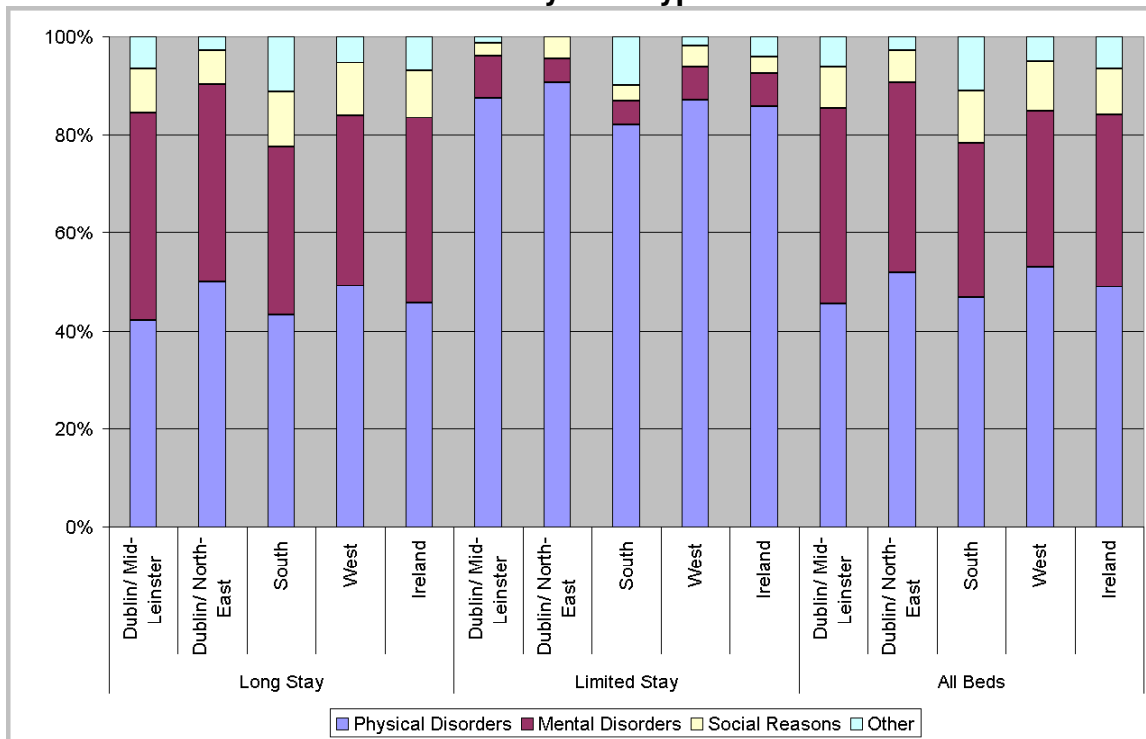
Regional Health Office	Respite	Chronic Mental Illness	Chronic Physical Illness	Convalescence	Rehabilitation	Dementia	Physical Disability	Intellectual Disability	Social Reasons	Palliative Care	Other	Total
Long Stay												
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	0.2	5.9	26.7	0.3	0.3	27.0	13.8	9.4	8.8	1.0	6.7	100
Dublin/ North-East	0.8	5.5	34.0	0.6	0.4	31.3	13.4	3.4	6.9	0.8	2.8	100
South	0.3	5.2	31.7	0.3	0.5	27.6	9.3	1.5	11.3	1.0	11.2	100
West	0.4	8.4	35.6	1.1	0.7	25.3	10.3	1.1	10.7	1.0	5.4	100
Long Stay	0.4	6.3	31.6	0.6	0.5	27.5	11.6	4.1	9.6	0.9	6.9	100
Limited Stay												
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	43.3	0.2	7.2	14.7	19.5	2.6	0.9	6.0	2.6	1.9	1.2	100
Dublin/ North-East	43.9	0.0	32.8	5.6	6.7	5.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	1.7	0.0	100
South	32.4	0.9	10.7	22.4	9.3	4.0	1.0	0.2	3.1	6.2	10.0	100
West	34.7	1.8	7.4	24.4	14.7	4.7	1.4	0.2	4.4	4.6	1.8	100
Limited Stay	37.0	0.9	11.0	19.4	13.3	4.0	1.0	1.6	3.5	4.1	4.1	100
All Beds												
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	3.2	5.5	25.4	1.3	1.6	25.3	12.9	9.2	8.3	1.0	6.3	100
Dublin/ North-East	2.9	5.2	33.9	0.8	0.7	30.1	12.8	3.3	6.7	0.9	2.7	100
South	3.3	4.8	29.7	2.4	1.3	25.3	8.6	1.4	10.6	1.4	11.1	100
West	4.0	7.7	32.6	3.5	2.2	23.1	9.4	1.0	10.1	1.4	5.0	100
All Beds	3.4	5.8	29.9	2.1	1.5	25.6	10.8	3.9	9.1	1.2	6.7	100

Figure C3 aggregates the categories into four groups as follows:

- Physical Disorders (Respite, Chronic Physical Illness, Convalescence, Rehabilitation, Physical Disability, Palliative Care)
- Mental Disorders (Chronic Mental Illness, Dementia, Intellectual Disability)
- Social
- Other

The majority of patients suffer from physical or mental disorders (48.9% and 35.3%, respectively) while social reasons account for only 9.1% of patients resident. Limited-stay beds are primarily occupied by patients suffering from physical disorders (85.9%), ranging from 81.9 percent in the South region to 90.6 in Dublin / North-East.

Figure C3
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Resident at 31 December 2007 by Bed Type and Medico-Social Status



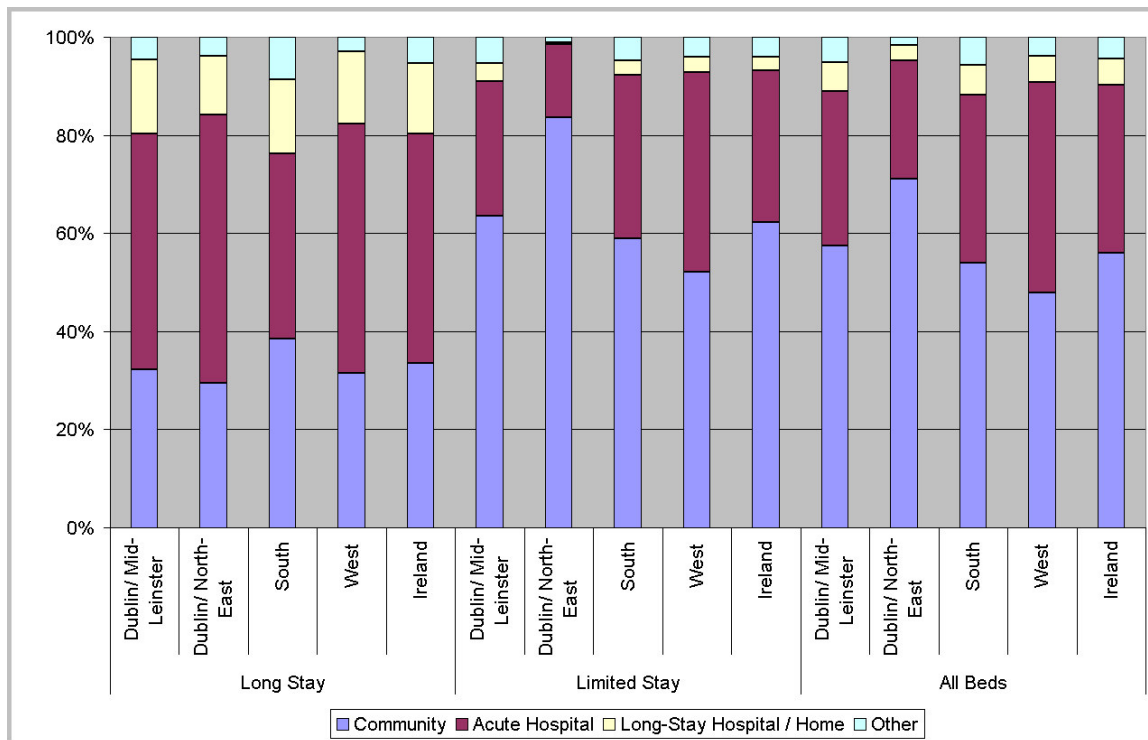
Admissions

Table C8 and Figure C4 give details of the source of admissions by region. As stated earlier, the majority of patients (55.9%) were admitted from the community. However there is considerable variation among the regions. For example, 47.8 percent of patients were admitted from the community within the western region compared to 71.1 percent of patients in the Dublin / North-East region. Similarly, the proportion admitted from acute hospitals also varies considerably from 24.0 percent within the Dublin / North-East to 43.0 percent in the western region.

Table C8
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Admitted During 2007 by Source of Admission

Regional Health Office	Community	Acute Hospital	Long-Stay Hospital / Home	Other	Total
Long Stay					
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	32.2	48.1	15.1	4.7	100
Dublin/ North-East	29.4	54.8	12.0	3.8	100
South	38.4	37.7	15.2	8.6	100
West	31.5	50.7	14.7	3.0	100
Long Stay	33.5	46.8	14.5	5.3	100
Limited Stay					
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	63.5	27.4	3.7	5.3	100
Dublin/ North-East	83.6	14.9	0.4	1.1	100
South	58.9	33.2	3.0	4.8	100
West	52.1	40.9	3.0	4.1	100
Limited Stay	62.2	30.9	2.8	4.1	100
All Beds					
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	57.5	31.4	5.9	5.2	100
Dublin/ North-East	71.1	24.0	3.1	1.7	100
South	54.0	34.3	6.0	5.7	100
West	47.8	43.0	5.4	3.8	100
All Beds	55.9	34.4	5.3	4.4	100

Figure C4
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Admitted During 2007 By Bed Type and Source of Admission



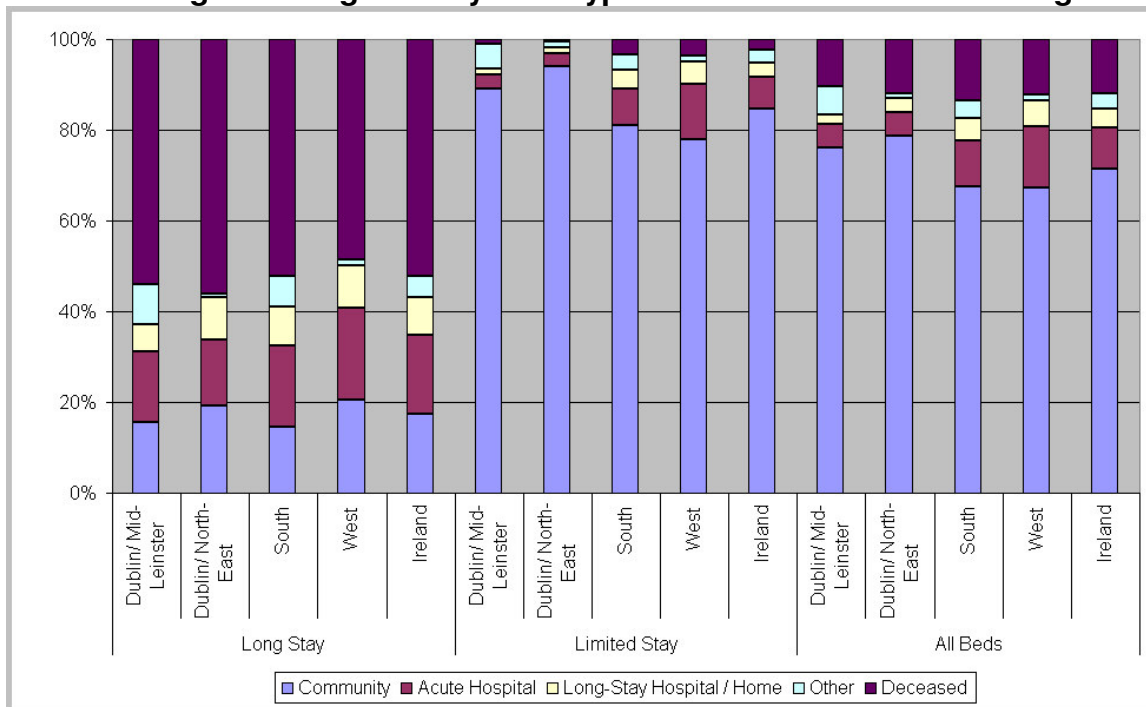
Discharges

Table C9 and Figure C5 give details of the destination of patients who were discharged throughout 2007 within each region. The majority of patients (71.6%) were discharged back into the community. However, there is some variation among the regions. For example, 67.1 percent of patients within the western region were discharged back into the community while the figure within Dublin / North-East is 78.7 percent. Similarly the proportion of patients who were deceased varies from 10.5 percent in Dublin / Mid-Leinster to 13.4 percent in the south.

Table C9
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged (including Deceased) During 2007 by Destination of Discharge

Regional Health Office	Community	Acute Hospital	Long-Stay Hospital / Home	Other	Death	Total
<u>Long Stay</u>						
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	15.7	15.5	5.9	9.0	53.9	100
Dublin/ North-East	19.3	14.4	9.5	0.6	56.1	100
South	14.5	17.9	8.7	6.6	52.3	100
West	20.6	20.2	9.2	1.4	48.5	100
Long Stay	17.3	17.4	8.3	4.7	52.3	100
<u>Limited Stay</u>						
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	89.1	3.0	1.2	5.5	1.1	100
Dublin/ North-East	93.9	2.9	1.4	1.3	0.5	100
South	81.2	8.1	4.1	3.3	3.4	100
West	77.9	12.2	4.9	1.3	3.7	100
Limited Stay	84.6	7.0	3.1	3.0	2.3	100
<u>All Beds</u>						
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	76.0	5.2	2.1	6.1	10.5	100
Dublin/ North-East	78.7	5.3	3.0	1.1	11.9	100
South	67.5	10.1	5.0	4.0	13.4	100
West	67.1	13.7	5.7	1.3	12.1	100
All Beds	71.6	9.0	4.1	3.4	12.0	100

Figure C5
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged During 2007 by Bed-Type and Destination of Discharge



Length of Stay

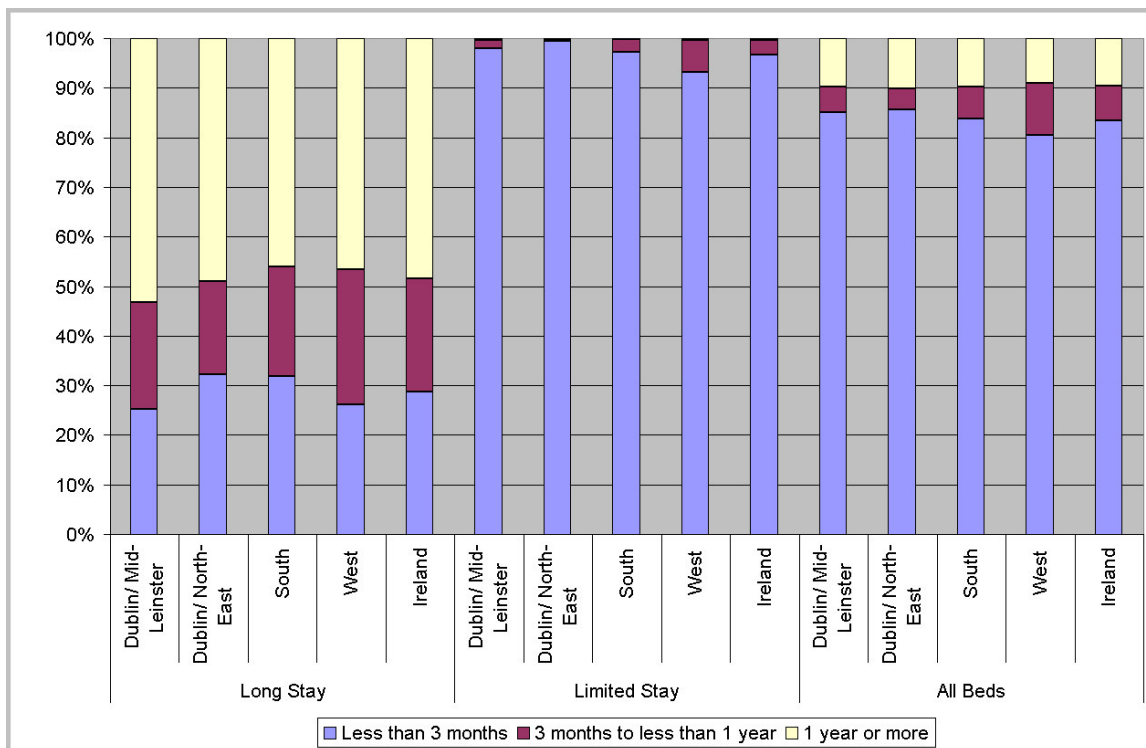
Over four-fifths (83.5%) of patients who were discharged in 2007 were in residence for less than three months. Table C10 and Figure C6 give details of the length of stay of discharged patients by bed type within each region.

As expected, the vast majority (96.7%) of patients in limited-stay beds have a length of stay of less than 3 months. Just under half (48.5%) of patients in long-stay beds have a length of stay of one year or more. Dublin / mid-Leinster has the largest proportion (53.3%) of patients in extended care beds with a length of one year or more. Dublin / North-East has the highest proportion (32.3%) of patients in long-stay beds with a length of stay of less than three months.

Table C10
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged (including Deceased) During 2007 by Length of Stay

Regional Health Office	Less than 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 4 years	4 to 6 years	6 to 10 years	Over 10 years	Total
Long Stay									
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	25.3	11.2	10.2	13.5	19.1	8.9	7.9	3.9	100
Dublin/ North-East	32.3	10.0	8.7	14.6	17.1	9.4	5.6	2.3	100
South	31.8	9.9	12.3	15.6	15.8	7.4	5.2	2.1	100
West	26.1	13.5	13.8	15.4	16.0	7.9	5.4	1.8	100
Long Stay	28.7	11.2	11.6	14.9	16.9	8.3	6.0	2.5	100
Limited Stay									
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	98.1	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
Dublin/ North-East	99.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100
South	97.3	2.1	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
West	93.1	5.0	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	100
Limited Stay	96.7	2.4	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100
All Beds									
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	85.1	3.1	2.1	2.6	3.5	1.6	1.4	0.7	100
Dublin/ North-East	85.7	2.3	1.8	3.0	3.6	2.0	1.1	0.5	100
South	83.8	3.7	2.8	3.4	3.2	1.6	1.1	0.4	100
West	80.4	6.6	3.9	3.0	3.1	1.5	1.1	0.4	100
All Beds	83.5	4.1	2.8	3.0	3.3	1.6	1.2	0.5	100

Figure C6
Long-Stay Units by Regional Health Office: Percentage Distribution of Patients Discharged (including Deceased) During 2007 by Bed-type and Length of Stay



Section D

Summary of Individual Long-Stay Units by Local and Regional Health Office and Unit Category

This section looks at individual long-stay units within each of the local and regional health offices in which they were located at the time of the survey, according to category of long-stay unit. The tables below give details of number of beds, number of patients, number of admissions and number of discharges within each long-stay unit during 2007. In this way it is possible to get a picture of the variety with regard to size and activity (i.e., admissions and discharges) within long-stay units across the country. Each unit has been allocated a four-digit code which enables it to be uniquely identified and this is displayed beside the unit name.

Table D1
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster Regional Health Office
Summary of Individual Long-Stay Units, 2007

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Dublin South Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Unit, Dalkey, Dublin (1191)	50	50	340	340
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	50	50	340	340
<u>Voluntary Welfare Home:</u>				
Richmond Cheshire, Monkstown (1163)	25	22	24	1
Sub-Total - Voluntary Welfare Home	25	22	24	1
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Altadore, Glenageary (1006)	41	37	17	14
Ashford House, Dunlaoire, Co Dublin (1013)	28	28	4	4
Beechfield Manor, Shankill, Co Dublin (1022)	61	55	21	24
Cairn Hill Nursing Home, Foxrock Dublin 18 (1027)	42	42	17	21
Cedar House, Dublin 14 (1155)	21	20	9	7
Dalkey Lodge, Dalkey, Co Dublin (1039)	31	31	18	16
Glengara Park, Co Dublin (1055)	66	66	26	24
Harvey Nursing Home, Upper Glenageary Road (1011)	32	32	12	8
Newtownpark House, Blackrock (1088)	62	58	32	35
Rickard House, Blackrock (1149)	25	25	11	10
St. Joseph's Centre, Shankill (1150)	60	58	98	96
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	469	452	265	259
Sub-Total - Dublin South Local Health Office	544	524	629	600
<u>Dublin South City Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Bru Chaoimhin, Cork Street, Dublin 8 (1025)	80	80	105	101
Community Unit, Belvilla, Dublin 8 (1203)	50	50	8	8
Meath Community Unit, Dublin 8 (1200)	54	53	14	120
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	184	183	127	229

Table D1 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Barrett Cheshire, Dublin 2 (1019)	16	14	1	2
Our Lady's Hospice, Harold's Cross (1094)	106	100	45	48
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	122	114	46	50
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
New Lodge, Donnybrook (1156)	36	34	2	3
Orwell House, Rathgar (1093)	52	52	101	106
Rostrevor, Dublin 6 (1099)	23	23	6	6
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	111	109	109	115
Sub-Total - Dublin South City Local Health Office	417	406	282	394
<u>Dublin South-East Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Clonskeagh Hospital, Vergemount (1035)	75	69	16	19
Community Hospital, Baggot Street, Dublin 4 (1100)	35	35	432	433
Sir Patrick Dunn's, Dublin (1168)	24	21	400	402
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	134	125	848	854
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Royal Hospital, Donnybrook (1138)	198	156	114	106
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	198	156	114	106
<u>Voluntary Welfare Home:</u>				
Leopardstown Park Hospital/Clevis Welfare Home (1173)	197	176	328	314
Sub-Total - Voluntary Welfare Home	197	176	328	314
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Caritas Convalescent Centre (1224)	52	51	1,443	1,443
Cherryfield Lodge Nursing Home (1205)	15	11	10	17
Gascoigne House Cowper Care Centre (1189)	44	42	42	41
Glebe House Nursing Home (1225)	48	42	55	12
Holy Family Residence, Dublin 14 (1064)	66	63	16	17
Leeson Park House, Dublin 6 (1073)	48	45	59	59
Missionary Sisters of the Holy Rosary Care Unit (1166)	28	25	2	4
Molyneux Home, Dublin 6 (1084)	25	25	5	5
Simpson's Hospital, Dublin 16 (1126)	33	31	3	2
St. John's House, D4 (1110)	45	40	7	11
St. Oliver's, Merrion Road, Dublin 4 (1151)	26	26	13	7
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	430	401	1,655	1,618
Sub-Total - Dublin South-East Local Health Office	959	858	2,945	2,892

Table D1 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Dublin South-West Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
St. Brigid's, Crooksling (1105)	150	139	114	92
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	150	139	114	92
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
St. James Hospital, Dublin 8 (1109)	56	56	289	289
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	56	56	289	289
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Kiltipper Woods, Tallaght (1214)	84	84	315	314
Marian House, Dublin 12 (1152)	27	26	10	9
Sally Park, Dublin 24 (1121)	46	46	13	13
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	157	156	338	336
Sub-Total - Dublin South-West Local Health Office	363	351	741	717
<u>Dublin West Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Cherry Orchard Hospital, Dublin 10 (1157)	264	187	1,263	1,233
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	264	187	1,263	1,233
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Cara Cheshire, Phoenix Park (1162)	23	23	0	0
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	23	23	0	0
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Croft, Dublin 8 (1129)	39	39	9	11
Glenaulin, Dublin 20 (1052)	66	66	8	8
Griffeen Valley, Lucan (1144)	25	25	25	7
Lisheen, Rathcoole (1075)	55	54	16	17
Lucan Lodge, Lucan (1078)	72	72	18	28
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	257	256	76	71
Sub-Total - Dublin West Local Health Office	544	466	1,339	1,304
<u>Kildare/West Wicklow Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Unit, Maynooth (1202)	44	44	10	203
District Hospital, Baltinglass (1042)	78	66	202	205
Drogheda Memorial, Curragh (1045)	20	19	113	114
St. Vincent's, Athy (1120)	199	195	383	365
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	341	324	708	887

Table D1 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Beech Park, Kildare (1218)	47	27	6	6
Craddock House, Naas (1185)	68	68	19	12
Larchfield Park, Naas (1071)	57	57	110	90
Lourdesville, Kildare (1077)	48	47	22	19
Moyglare, Maynooth (1086)	56	55	18	18
Suncroft Lodge, Kildare (1175)	57	57	15	10
The Ryevale, Leixlip (1101)	128	128	78	30
Willowbrook, Newbridge (1142)	63	48	38	36
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	524	487	306	221
Sub-Total - Kildare/West Wicklow Local Health Office	865	811	1,014	1,108
 <u>Laois/Offaly Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Alvernia House, Portlaoise (2052)	38	38	0	1
Community Nursing Unit, Birr, Co Offaly (2005)	90	87	583	527
Community Nursing Unit, Edenderry, Co Offaly (2014)	59	59	50	48
District Hospital, Abbeyleix (2032)	50	45	262	270
St. Vincent's, Mountmellick, Co Laois (2024)	154	143	341	356
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	391	372	1,236	1,202
 <u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Riada House, Tullamore, Co Offaly (2017)	42	41	58	16
St. Brigid's, Portlaoise (2019)	62	54	15	15
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	104	95	73	31
 <u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Sisters of Charity of Jesus & Mary, Monasterevin (2053)	94	94	2	7
St. Anne's, Roscrea (2055)	127	127	1	0
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	221	221	3	7
 <u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Ballard Lodge, Portlaoise (2001)	24	24	8	8
Carthage Nursing Home, Tullamore (2038)	40	38	20	23
Clover Lodge, Birr (2042)	56	53	80	30
Consolation Nursing Home, Tullamore, Co Offaly (2015)	25	25	5	4
Elmgrove House, Birr, Co Offaly (2007)	32	22	19	18
Gallen Priory, Fermbane (2039)	53	53	53	11
Kilminchy Lodge, Portlaoise (2040)	52	51	48	46
Upton House, Clara, Co Offaly (2027)	24	21	3	5
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	306	287	236	145
Sub-Total - Laois/Offaly Local Health Office	1,022	975	1,548	1,385

Table D1 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Longford/Westmeath Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Loughloe House, Athlone (2011)	39	37	88	76
Lough Sheever, Mullingar, Co. Westmeath (2045)	29	29	0	2
St. Christopher's, Longford (2057)	29	19	74	1
St. Joseph's/Mount Carmel, Longford (2036)	177	137	665	663
St. Mary's , Delvin (2050)	90	90	1	1
St. Mary's, Mullingar, Co Westmeath (2023)	115	96	293	296
St. Peter's Centre, Castlepollard (2037)	124	124	0	477
St. Vincent's, Athlone (2033)	75	71	286	295
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	678	603	1,407	1,811
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
St. Hilda's, Athlone (2056)	28	28	3	1
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	28	28	3	1
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Laurel Lodge, Glebe, Co Longford (2034)	103	89	239	146
Maplecourt Nursing Home, Castlepollard (2041)	21	21	14	13
Moate(Mowlam) House Care, Moate (2044)	50	48	73	67
Mont Vista, Athlone (2031)	16	11	3	2
Newbrook Nursing Home, Mullingar (2043)	52	51	38	38
Our Lady's Manor, Edgeworthstown (2016)	70	65	9	21
Portiuncula Nursing Home, Co Westmeath (2046)	63	53	63	48
Retreat Nursing Home, Athlone (2035)	40	40	27	27
Sonas Nursing Home (2048)	54	39	115	115
St. Camillus, Killucan, Co Westmeath (2020)	57	57	44	44
St. Clair's, Ballinderry, Co Westmeath (2030)	43	39	42	42
Stella Maris, Athlone (2026)	29	27	24	21
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	598	540	691	584
Sub-Total - Longford/Westmeath Local Health Office	1,304	1,171	2,101	2,396
<u>Wicklow Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
District Hospital, Wicklow (1043)	31	29	75	70
St. Colman's, Rathdrum (1108)	133	113	386	403
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	164	142	461	473
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Orchard, Bray (1136)	38	37	44	44
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	38	37	44	44

Table D1 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
Private Nursing Home:				
Atlanta Nursing Home, Sidmonton Road, Bray (1015)	43	43	0	0
Bray Manor, Wicklow (1009)	27	24	5	6
Dargle Valley, Enniskerry (1041)	30	24	25	35
Donare Nursing Home, Bray (1044)	24	24	24	2
Earlsbrook, Bray (1056)	61	61	21	20
Eyrefield Manor, Greystones (1222)	54	54	3	3
Greystones Nursing Home, Wicklow (1029)	70	61	61	81
Kinvara House, Bray (1069)	44	36	7	8
San Remo Nursing and Convalescent Home, Bray (1122)	51	48	15	20
Shannagh Bay, Bray (1124)	45	42	15	15
St. Columban's, Maghermore (1165)	23	23	9	9
Tara Care Centre, Bray (1128)	50	48	24	23
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	522	488	209	222
Sub-Total - Wicklow Local Health Office	724	667	714	739
Sub-Total - HSE Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	6,742	6,229	11,313	11,535

Table D2
Dublin/ North-East Regional Health Office
Summary of Individual Long-Stay Units, 2007

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Cavan/Monaghan Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Ballyconnel Community Services, Cavan (4052)	30	29	95	98
Lisdarn Unit for the Elderly, Cavan (4038)	63	53	331	329
Pathway's Rehabilitation Center, Cavan (4056)	6	0	86	89
St. Mary's, Castleblayney (4025)	169	162	735	724
Sullivan Centre for Older Persons, Cavan (4008)	30	26	15	113
Virginia Com. Services, Virginia, Co Cavan (4020)	50	46	363	371
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	348	316	1,625	1,724
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Castlemanor, Drumalee (3078)	70	4	9	9
Castleross Nursing Home, Carrickmacross (4055)	70	70	93	173
College View Nursing Home, Cavan (4049)	70	65	121	104
Drumbear Lodge, Monaghan (4059)	51	51	51	18
Esker Lodge, Cathedral Road, Cavan (4058)	41	41	150	147
Fairlawns, Bailieboro (4009)	35	35	44	53
Mullinahinch Nursing Home, Co Monaghan. (4057)	56	53	60	65
Omega, Belturbet (4014)	22	22	68	58
Sacred Hearts, Clones, Co Monaghan (4016)	50	49	62	63
Sheelin Nursing Home, Mt. Nugent, Co Cavan (4048)	39	33	33	65
St. Joseph's, Ballybay, Co Monaghan (4023)	27	25	15	14
St. Joseph's Nursing Home, Virginia (4041)	44	44	86	89
St. Louis, Monaghan (4039)	19	19	10	7
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	594	511	802	865
Sub-Total - Cavan/Monaghan Local Health Office	942	827	2,427	2,589
<u>Dublin North Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Unit, Lusk (1188)	50	46	348	342
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	50	46	348	342
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Beechtree Nursing Home, Oldtown (1197)	53	47	27	22
Brymore House, Howth (1026)	40	40	11	13
Catherine McCauley House, Dublin 9 (1208)	24	23	5	7
Fingal House, Swords (1048)	20	20	2	2
Garda Retirement Home, Dublin 5 (1153)	41	41	10	9
Hamilton Park, Balrothery (1229)	87	26	32	6
Howth Hill Lodge, Howth (1017)	49	45	14	18
Rush Nursing Home (1210)	56	56	44	50
St. Doolagh's, Balgriffin, Dublin 17 (1194)	54	54	8	18
St. Patrick's, Dublin 13 (1167)	39	38	11	10

Table D2 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
Tara Winthrop, Swords (1187)	139	139	235	233
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	602	529	399	388
Sub-Total - Dublin North Local Health Office	652	575	747	730
<u>Dublin North-Central Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Seanchara Community Unit, Dublin 11 (1178)	50	44	283	285
St. Clare's Home, Dublin 11 (1107)	50	44	93	94
St. Monica's, Dublin 1 (1117)	44	44	7	7
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	144	132	383	386
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Clarehaven Welfare Home, Dublin 11 (1031)	30	29	53	56
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	30	29	53	56
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Clontarf Nursing Home, Dublin 3 (1036)	45	41	9	10
La Verna, Clontarf, Dublin 3 (1072)	28	28	3	3
Nazareth House, Dublin 3 (1087)	71	66	53	27
Sacred Heart Residence (1102)	86	83	22	23
Santa Sabina, Cabra (1180)	28	27	8	8
Shrewsbury House, Dublin 3 (1125)	36	36	6	6
St. Josephs of Cluny, Chapelizod (1212)	31	31	4	4
TLC Centre, Santry (1198)	128	119	92	76
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	453	431	197	157
Sub-Total - Dublin North-Central Local Health Office	627	592	633	599
<u>Dublin North-West Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Cuan Ros, Dublin 7 (1164)	44	29	162	172
Unit 6, Woodlands, Connolly Hospital (1227)	32	30	4	4
Unit 8 West, James Connolly Hosp, Blanchardstown (1159)	20	20	2	3
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	96	79	168	179
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Ashgrove House, Dublin 7 (1014)	39	18	75	77
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	39	18	75	77

Table D2 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Alzheimer Care Centre, Dublin 9 (1160)	60	60	7	14
Beneavin Lodge, Glasnevin (1199)	61	60	20	20
Newpark Care Centre, Co. Dublin (1204)	56	56	14	15
Riverside, St Margarets (1228)	26	16	20	28
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	203	192	61	77
Sub-Total - Dublin North-West Local Health Office	338	289	304	333
<u>Louth Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Boyne Valley, Drogheda, Co. Louth (4002)	18	17	66	63
Boyne View House, Drogheda (4003)	28	28	98	98
Cottage Hospital, Drogheda (4005)	54	36	422	421
St. Joseph's, Ardee, Co Louth (4021)	35	35	107	98
St. Mary's, Drogheda (4026)	50	50	47	35
St. Oliver Plunkett, Dundalk (4027)	148	135	532	563
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	333	301	1,272	1,278
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Aras Mhuire, Drogheda (4035)	30	30	30	1
Blackrock Abbey Nursing Home, Dundalk (4062)	60	59	21	20
Carlingford Nursing Home, Carlingford (4010)	44	38	97	112
Dealgan House, Dundalk (4051)	53	51	131	136
Moorehall Lodge, Ardee (4047)	66	66	41	41
St. Francis (Mount Oliver), Dundalk (4034)	23	18	33	35
St. Peter's, Castlebellingham (4050)	39	23	76	80
Sunhill Nursing Home. Co.Louth (4063)	66	62	11	11
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	381	347	440	436
Sub-Total - Louth Local Health Office	714	648	1,712	1,714
<u>Meath Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
St. Joseph's, Trim (4022)	170	164	313	278
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	170	164	313	278
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Meath County Infirmary, Navan (4013)	17	16	455	457
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	17	16	455	457
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Creevela House Nursing Home, Laytown (4006)	46	42	13	11
Gormanston Wood, Gormanstown (4060)	50	50	54	43
Heatherfield Nursing Home, Dunshaughlin (4011)	30	30	8	8
Hillview, Tara (4012)	26	26	5	4

Table D2 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
Kilbrew Nursing Home, Ashbourne (4061)	60	56	144	115
Kilmainham Wood Nursing Home, Kells (4043)	50	47	63	16
Rathoath Manor, Rathoath (4033)	69	65	22	21
Redwood Exended Care Facility, Stamullen (4064)	32	18	18	7
Sancta Maria, Kinnegad (4029)	44	42	25	26
Silver Grove Nursing Home, Clonee (4044)	35	35	6	6
St. Clare's, Stamullen, Co. Meath (4018)	48	48	18	17
St. Colmcille's Nursing Home, Kells (4045)	42	40	30	27
St. Columban's, Navan (4040)	35	26	7	6
St. Elizabeth's, Athboy (4036)	36	36	20	21
St. Ursula's, Bettystown, Co Meath (4054)	24	22	22	8
Windfield, Dunboyne (4031)	38	35	24	29
Woodlands House, Navan (4032)	22	22	21	21
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	687	640	500	386
Sub-Total - Meath Local Health Office	874	820	1,268	1,121
Sub-Total - HSE Dublin/ North-East	4,147	3,751	7,091	7,086

Table D3
South Regional Health Office
Summary of Individual Long-Stay Units, 2007

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Carlow/Kilkenny Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
District Hospital, Carlow (6097)	32	17	229	210
Sacred Heart, Carlow (6031)	101	82	287	293
St. Columba's, Thomastown (6037)	142	125	411	407
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	275	224	927	910
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Bethany House, Carlow (6004)	30	24	41	46
Prague House, Freshford (6026)	25	25	4	4
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	55	49	45	50
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
District Hospital, Castlecomer (6085)	33	31	414	420
St. Canice's Parish, Troy's Court (6068)	21	21	0	0
St. Fiacc's House, Carlow (6038)	22	20	6	7
St. Lazerian's House, Bagenalstown (6046)	20	17	9	7
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	96	89	429	434
<u>Voluntary Welfare Home:</u>				
Gahan House, Graiguenamanagh (6067)	20	20	4	0
Mount Carmel, Callan (6021)	20	19	5	6
O'Gorman Home, Ballyragget (6024)	15	11	4	2
Rosedale Residential Home, Kilmacow (6100)	14	14	4	4
St. Joseph's Home, Kilmoganny (6045)	24	24	11	8
Sub-Total - Voluntary Welfare Home	93	88	28	20
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Archersrath Nursing Home, Kilkenny (6077)	46	33	27	25
Avondale, Callan (6002)	33	33	11	11
Beechwood, Leighlinbridge (6059)	32	30	7	9
Borris Lodge, Borris (6005)	52	34	15	10
Brookhaven, Ballyragget (6096)	55	35	30	76
Drakelands House, Drakelands (6069)	41	41	27	21
Glendale, Tullow (6102)	60	16	0	53
Gowran Abbey, Gowran (6095)	49	16	44	31
Hillview, Carlow (6079)	54	54	21	21
Rivderdale Nursing Home, Ballon (6051)	27	24	4	3
Srathmore Lodge, Callan (6086)	60	58	0	44
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	509	374	186	304
Sub-Total - Carlow/Kilkenny Local Health Office	1,028	824	1,615	1,718

Table D3 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Kerry Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Hospital, Kenmare (7018)	24	22	271	273
Community Hospital, Listowel (7021)	32	30	10	9
Dinish Ward, Kerry General Hospital (7126)	16	16	36	36
Loher Ward, Kerry General Hospital (7031)	30	30	53	53
St. Columbanus, Killarney (7063)	177	145	99	102
St. Elizabeth's, Dingle (7064)	43	38	147	149
St. Joseph's, Killorglin (7068)	40	40	15	15
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	362	321	631	637
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Valentia Community (7081)	19	18	58	37
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	19	18	58	37
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Aras Mhuire, Listowel (7004)	33	33	7	7
Ashborough Lodge, Milltown (7105)	58	57	76	56
Cuil Didin, Tralee (7108)	60	60	101	74
Heatherlee, Killarney (7036)	22	22	9	8
Kenmare Nursing Home, Kenmare (7079)	22	22	6	5
Ocean View, Tralee (7047)	30	30	22	16
Our Lady of Fatima, Tralee (7048)	66	66	52	36
St. Joseph's, Kenmare (7072)	34	25	18	6
St. Joseph's, Tralee (7071)	18	16	17	14
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	343	331	308	222
Sub-Total - Kerry Local Health Office	724	670	997	896
<u>North Cork Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Hospital, Kanturk (7017)	48	43	179	182
St. Joseph's Community Hospital, Millstreet (7069)	26	25	60	57
St. Patrick's, Fermoy (7075)	85	72	325	317
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	159	140	564	556
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
St. Francis Welfare Home, Fermoy (7082)	20	17	3	3
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	20	17	3	3
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Nazareth House, Mallow (7043)	105	93	181	194
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	105	93	181	194

Table D3 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Amberley Home, Fermoy (7112)	30	30	94	86
Bridhaven Nursing Home, Mallow (7008)	64	60	57	38
Conna Nursing Home, Conna (7118)	58	58	68	51
Padre Pio House, Churchtown (7093)	40	40	15	15
Resthaven, Newmarket (7055)	20	20	7	6
St. Martha's Nursing Home, Charleville (7010)	36	36	44	34
Strawhall, Fermoy (7078)	19	19	24	2
Teach Altra, Newmarket Co Cork (7087)	43	41	63	66
Windmill House, Mallow (7109)	40	38	46	46
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	350	342	418	344
Sub-Total - North Cork Local Health Office	634	592	1,166	1,097
 <u>North Lee Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Hospital, Macroom (7022)	38	37	119	122
Community Hospital, Youghal (7023)	38	36	179	177
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	76	73	298	299
 <u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Cois Abhann, Youghal (7083)	32	26	91	89
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	32	26	91	89
 <u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Community Hospital, Cobh (7030)	33	33	43	42
Community Hospital, Middleton (7049)	90	77	178	180
St. Joseph's, c/o Bon Secours Care Village, Lee R (7070)	63	63	0	104
St. Laurence Cheshire Home, Glanmire (7101)	34	30	0	0
St. Patrick's, Cork (7076)	51	50	400	394
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	271	253	621	720
 <u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Aras Aoibhinn, Macroom (7001)	31	31	18	14
Ballincurrig Care Centre, Leamlara (7110)	55	54	48	42
Blair's Hill, Cork (7116)	37	33	33	21
Cahereen Nursing Home, Macroom (7094)	27	27	8	6
Carechoice, Ballynoe (7003)	58	58	21	7
East Ferry House, Middleton (7027)	12	12	2	0
Glendonagh, Dungourney (7032)	44	30	9	2
Grange Con, Carrigrohane (7034)	24	23	4	4
Montenotte Care Centre (7107)	111	104	271	228
Oaklodge Nursing Home (7117)	38	38	73	53
White Friars, Glanmire (7085)	32	32	9	9
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	469	442	496	386
Sub-Total - North Lee Local Health Office	848	794	1,506	1,494

Table D3 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>South Lee Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Hospital, Bandon (7016)	23	19	197	201
Community Hospital, Kinsale (7020)	41	34	77	75
St. Finbarr's, Cork (7065)	159	154	67	57
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	223	207	341	333
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
St. Luke's, Blackrock (7073)	120	118	81	84
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	120	118	81	84
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Bishopscourt Residential Care, Waterfall (7100)	60	59	35	35
Cramers Court Nursing Home, Belgooly (7012)	59	56	14	14
Douglas Nursing Home, Moneygourney (7024)	37	29	37	29
Madonna House, Ballincollig (7039)	16	14	8	9
Maryborough, Douglas (7040)	35	35	22	21
Norwood Grange, Waterfall (7045)	25	25	9	6
Padre Pio, Rochestown (7051)	25	24	21	9
Powdermill, Ballincollig (7053)	42	38	70	61
Rosenalee, Ballincollig (7057)	45	35	165	167
Upton House, Innishannon (7080)	19	17	12	34
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	363	332	393	385
Sub-Total - South Lee Local Health Office	706	657	815	802
<u>Tipperary South Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
District Hospital, Carrick-on-Suir (6098)	21	20	283	277
District Hospital, Clogheen (6099)	22	16	231	244
St. Patrick's, Cashel (6048)	145	145	407	407
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	188	181	921	928
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Cluain Arann, Tipperary (6008)	45	37	315	310
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	45	37	315	310
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Acorn Lodge, Cashel (6075)	46	46	135	138
Bailey House, Thurles (6003)	17	17	1	1
Bramleigh Lodge, Cahir (6066)	20	20	7	7
Cottage, Clonmel (6010)	25	24	6	10
Deerpark, Lattin (6034)	30	29	25	20
Greenhills, Carrick-on-Suir (6076)	55	47	36	42
Marion Court, Clonmel (6018)	32	25	6	3

Table D3 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
Melview House, Clonmel (6019)	57	48	65	61
Padre Pio, Holycross (6062)	43	39	40	34
Rathkeevan, Clonmel (6074)	67	50	50	9
Sacre Coeur, Tipperary (6030)	26	26	29	23
St. Anne's, Cashel (6032)	18	17	17	17
St. Joseph's, Tipperary (6043)	24	21	32	32
St. Martha's, Cahir (6047)	20	20	4	4
St. Teresa's, Cashel (6050)	30	26	25	28
Suirmount Nursing Home (6065)	30	29	29	21
Willowbrook Lodge, Fethard (6064)	29	28	26	28
Woodlands, Dundrum (6055)	43	43	21	18
Woodside House, Fethard (6060)	20	20	19	18
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	632	575	573	514
Sub-Total - Tipperary South Local Health Office	865	793	1,809	1,752
<u>Waterford Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
District Hospital, Dungarvan (6061)	26	21	230	228
St. Joseph's, Dungarvan (6041)	102	86	325	332
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	128	107	555	560
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Dunabbey House, Dungarvan (6013)	40	37	16	15
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	40	37	16	15
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Martin Residential Home, Portlaw (6053)	18	13	13	9
St. Patrick's, Waterford (6049)	122	111	611	605
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	140	124	624	614
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Ard na Farraiige, Tramore (6001)	21	19	8	6
Care Choice, Dungarvan (6089)	33	33	49	37
Drum Hills, Dungarvan (6012)	23	21	12	12
Havenwood Nursing Care Facility, Ballygunner (6092)	48	48	103	58
Holy Ghost Home, Waterford (6015)	47	47	8	14
Maypark House, Waterford (6058)	36	36	45	47
Mooncoin Residential Centre, Mooncoin (6087)	50	44	5	64
Mowlam Nursing Home, Waterford (6080)	60	58	85	27
Padre Pio Rest Home, Cappoquin (6025)	24	21	23	23
St. Anne's, Portlaw (6057)	30	30	19	8
St. Joseph's Nursing Home, Manor Hill (6017)	52	51	10	6
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	424	408	367	302
Sub-Total - Waterford Local Health Office	732	676	1,562	1,491

Table D3 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>West Cork Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
General Hospital, Bantry (7029)	24	18	136	134
Mount Carmel, Clonakilty (7041)	174	166	331	338
St. Anne's, Skibbereen (7060)	40	34	229	232
St. Gabriel's, Schull (7066)	21	19	112	111
St. Joseph's, Castletownbere (7067)	33	26	181	182
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	292	263	989	997
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
St. Anthony's, Dunamanway (7062)	23	22	103	104
St. Paul's, Clonakilty (7074)	31	31	6	6
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	54	53	109	110
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Abbeylands, Kildorrery (7124)	50	38	85	60
Deerpark House, Bantry (7099)	50	35	41	39
Fairfield Nursing Home, Drimoleague (7097)	48	38	10	17
Golden Meadows, Clonakilty (7106)	46	45	81	72
Haven Bay Care Centre, Kinsale (7123)	61	7	7	6
Youghal & District Nursing Home, Gortroe (7125)	52	14	14	25
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	307	177	238	219
Sub-Total - West Cork Local Health Office	653	493	1,336	1,326
<u>Wexford Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
District Hospital, Gorey (6040)	33	30	261	251
New Houghton, New Ross (6023)	66	65	20	20
St. John's, Enniscorthy (6042)	169	154	383	386
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	268	249	664	657
<u>Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People:</u>				
Community Hospital, New Ross (6009)	36	36	181	160
Sub-Total - Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	36	36	181	160

Table D3 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Carrag Tur Nursing Home, Enniscorthy (6084)	48	48	36	22
Cherrygrove Nursing Home, Campile (6093)	37	37	86	87
Kerlogue Nursing Home, Co Wexford (6078)	91	61	169	90
Knockeen Nursing Home, Barntown (6071)	43	43	36	43
Lawson House, Enniscorthy (6016)	42	38	58	60
Millhouse Care Centre, New Ross (6094)	62	40	45	33
Oakfield, Wexford (6090)	49	49	80	51
Valentia, Camolin (6054)	49	48	48	21
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	421	364	558	407
Sub-Total - Wexford Local Health Office	725	649	1,403	1,224
Sub-Total - HSE South	6,915	6,148	12,209	11,800

Table D4
West Regional Health Office
Summary of Individual Long-Stay Units, 2007

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>Clare Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Hospital, Ennistymon (3012)	31	28	153	155
Regina House Community Nursing Unit, Kilrush (3026)	39	35	175	174
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	70	63	328	329
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Carrigoran House, Newmarket-on-Fergus (3008)	116	114	143	137
Community Hospital, Cahercalla, Ennis, Co. Clare (3038)	100	98	376	371
Kilrush District Hospital Ltd. (3020)	60	60	28	21
Lakes Nursing Home, Clare (3068)	57	51	117	98
Riverdale House, Blackwater (3027)	29	29	14	12
St. Dominic Savio, Liscannor (3071)	28	0	0	0
St. Theresa's, Kilrush (3059)	40	33	90	82
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	430	385	768	721
Sub-Total - Clare Local Health Office	500	448	1,096	1,050
<u>Donegal Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Hospital, Caradonagh (5008)	55	52	226	219
Community Hospital, Donegal (5009)	28	27	201	200
Community Hospital, Dungloe (5010)	44	39	200	202
Community Hospital, Killybegs (5034)	41	32	418	414
Community Hospital, Lifford (5011)	37	27	329	329
Community Nursing Unit, Buncrana (5006)	36	33	213	213
Community Nursing Unit, Falcarragh (5005)	35	28	179	203
Sheil Hospital, Ballyshannon, Co Donegal (5026)	47	42	140	149
St. Joseph's, Stranolar, Co Donegal (5023)	91	76	465	466
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	414	356	2,371	2,395
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Rock Nursing Unit, Ballyshannon, Co Donegal (5020)	33	33	6	6
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	33	33	6	6
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Aras Gaoth Dobhair (5046)	41	39	90	83
Aras Mhic Suibhne, Donegal (5045)	46	39	124	58
Aras Ui Dhomail, Milford (5044)	24	18	62	49
Archview Nursing Home, Letterkenny (5001)	34	31	13	16
Beach Hill Nursing Home, Donegal (5039)	40	40	57	39
Brentwood Manor, Convoy (5040)	24	24	16	11
Brindley Manor, Convoy (5033)	43	26	20	22

Table D4 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
Harbour Lights, Bruckless (5029)	56	56	12	15
Hillcrest Nursing Home, Donegal (5041)	35	33	29	16
Laggan Valley, Lifford, Co Donegal (5013)	27	17	22	22
Lake House, Port-na-Blagh (5027)	57	53	15	71
Nazareth House, Fahan, Co Donegal (5018)	48	46	33	33
St. Eunan's, Letterkenny, Co. Donegal (5043)	42	27	113	100
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	517	449	606	535
Sub-Total - Donegal Local Health Office	964	838	2,983	2,936
<u>Galway Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Aras Mhuire, Tuam (8003)	21	20	6	6
Aras Ronan, Aran Islands (8109)	13	12	21	21
District Hospital, Clifden (8071)	33	27	223	215
St. Brendan's, Loughrea (8042)	125	123	15	13
Unit 6 Merlin Park Regional Hospital, Galway (8091)	38	34	223	229
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	230	216	488	484
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Aras Mhic Dara, Carraroe (8004)	57	51	45	43
St. Anne's Community Nursing Home, Clifden (8038)	27	27	4	6
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	84	78	49	49
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Ballinderry Nursing Home, Ballinasloe (8077)	52	45	52	40
Brooklodge, Tuam (8114)	39	39	71	56
Caiseal Geal, Castlegar (8007)	23	22	32	30
Castleturvin Nursing Home, Athenry (8085)	49	36	23	23
Central Park Nursing Home, Ballinasloe (8086)	41	41	13	13
Corrandulla Nursing Home, Co Galway (8010)	40	36	7	15
Flannery's, Abbeyknockmoy (8115)	47	23	103	83
Garbally, Ballinasloe (8053)	0	0	0	0
Greenpark, Tuam (8019)	28	25	31	29
Holy Family, Ballinasloe (8078)	38	37	31	22
Kilcolgan Nursing Home (8110)	48	25	101	98
Kiltormer, Ballinasloe (8064)	39	39	38	4
Lakelands, Loughrea (8024)	41	34	19	19
Lough Corrib, Headford (8026)	31	21	32	12
Maryfield, Athenry (8029)	22	19	30	31
Mountbellew Nursing Home, Co Galway (8079)	22	22	9	6
Moycullen Nursing Home (8111)	54	45	49	45
Nightingale, Ballinasloe (8067)	35	30	46	42
Oranmore Nursing Home, Oranmore (8084)	56	42	0	0
Rosemount, Gort (8033)	43	30	47	49
St. Anne's, Loughrea (8056)	22	21	16	12

Table D4 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
St. Columba's Nursing Home, Ballindereen (8043)	35	23	5	8
Stella Maris, Cumber (8088)	37	37	33	10
St. Joseph's Nursing Home, Tuam, Co. Galway (8093)	35	22	0	1
Village Nursing Care Centre, Galway (8117)	71	32	160	139
Villa Maria Del Mar, Barna (8052)	21	17	39	46
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	969	763	987	833
Sub-Total - Galway Local Health Office	1,283	1,057	1,524	1,366
<u>Limerick Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
St. Camillus', Limerick (3034)	214	192	640	676
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	214	192	640	676
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Abbot Close, Askeaton (3074)	60	35	100	81
Adare & District Nursing Home, Limerick (3063)	84	79	78	59
Ard Na Ri, Bruff (3003)	25	25	10	7
Dromcolloger Respite Care Centre (3076)	20	20	315	315
St. Gobnait's, Ballyagran, Co Limerick (3036)	20	20	14	11
St. Paul's, Limerick (3043)	52	52	48	38
Thorpes Nursing Home, Clarina (3049)	26	26	4	11
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	287	257	569	522
Sub-Total - Limerick Local Health Office	501	449	1,209	1,198
<u>Mayo Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Aras Deirbhile, Belmullet (8005)	37	36	11	10
District Hospital, Ballina (8122)	62	38	555	517
District Hospital, Belmullet (8068)	40	24	320	327
St. Fionnan's, Achill Island (8076)	32	32	86	83
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	171	130	972	937
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
D'Alton Community Nursing Unit, Claremorris (8012)	39	37	54	57
McBride, Westport (8027)	39	37	46	46
Sacred Heart, Castlebar (8035)	168	143	327	335
St. Augustine's, Ballina (8041)	39	35	27	27
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	285	252	454	465
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Abbeybreaffy Nursing Home, Co. Mayo (8092)	57	57	78	70
Ave Maria, Ballyhaunis (8108)	34	30	50	36
Ballinamore House, Mayo (8089)	44	38	11	14
Blackrocks Nursing Home, Foxford (8081)	48	48	24	16
Brookvale Manor, Ballyhaunis (8103)	58	51	54	49

Table D4 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
Claremount, Claremorris (8112)	61	48	69	52
Cuan Chaitriona, Castlebar (8062)	30	29	6	5
Friars Lodge, Ballinrobe (8104)	64	63	64	58
Hollymount Nursing Home, Hollymount (8083)	36	30	51	51
Marion House, Ballindine, Co. Mayo (8094)	12	0	102	102
Moy Ridge House, Ballina (8057)	47	47	18	15
Pilgrims Rest Nursing Home, Westport (8090)	30	30	23	27
Queen of Peace, Claremorris (8032)	35	31	17	17
St. Anne's, Charlestown (8039)	44	35	29	28
St. Attracta's, Charlestown (8040)	54	47	24	27
St. Brendan's Unit, Westport (8106)	34	34	9	12
Ti Aire Private Nursing Home (8113)	47	28	50	29
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	735	646	679	608
Sub-Total - Mayo Local Health Office	1,191	1,028	2,105	2,010
<u>Roscommon Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Aras Mathair Pol, Castlerea (8001)	40	31	53	12
Plunkett Home, Boyle (8031)	60	59	28	28
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	100	90	81	40
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Clover Hill Nursing Home, Cloverhill (8087)	54	44	107	104
Costellos Valeview, Lanesboro (8051)	33	31	34	33
Drumderrig House, Boyle (8013)	45	45	45	15
Fearna, Castlerea (8015)	16	15	10	8
Fearna Nursing Home, Elphin (8097)	35	30	30	23
Innis Ree Lodge, Lanesborough (8107)	61	59	61	47
Manor Court, Castlerea (8060)	32	32	13	14
Meadowlands, Roscommon (8075)	30	30	30	30
Oakwood, Ballaghaderreen (8059)	36	35	15	14
Oakwood, Roscommon (8101)	48	41	48	23
Shannon Lodge, Carrick-on-Shannon (8119)	36	32	51	44
Tearmainn Bhríde, Athlone (8080)	30	30	5	11
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	456	424	449	366
Sub-Total - Roscommon Local Health Office	556	514	530	406
<u>Sligo/Leitrim Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Arus Carolan, Mohill, Co Leitrim (5003)	40	40	40	40
Our Lady's, Manorhamilton, Co Leitrim (5019)	35	30	465	467
St. John's, Sligo (5021)	195	187	610	605
St. Patrick's, Carrick-on-Shannon, Co Leitrim (5024)	113	112	283	283
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	383	369	1,398	1,395

Table D4 continued

Unit Name (Unit code)	Number of Beds at 31/12/2007	Number of Patients 31/12/2007	Number of Admissions during 2007	Number of Discharges during 2007
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Arus Breffini, Manorhamilton, Co. Leitrim (5002)	32	32	60	61
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	32	32	60	61
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Bailey's, Tubbercurry (5031)	39	39	16	16
Community Nursing Unit, Ballymote (5004)	27	27	107	102
Lough Errill Nursing Home, Mohill (5047)	45	22	73	65
Mowlam, Ballytivnan (5037)	62	53	190	177
Nazareth House, Sligo (5017)	82	82	3	25
St. Phelim's, Dromahair (5032)	65	65	21	16
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	320	288	410	401
Sub-Total - Sligo/Leitrim Local Health Office	735	689	1,868	1,857
<u>Tipperary North/Limerick East Local Health Office:</u>				
<u>HSE Extended Care Unit:</u>				
Community Hospital of the Assumption, Thurles (3019)	72	65	419	417
Sub-Total - HSE Extended Care Unit	72	65	419	417
<u>HSE Welfare Home:</u>				
Community Nursing Unit, Nenagh (3035)	33	26	126	128
Sub-Total - HSE Welfare Home	33	26	126	128
<u>Private Nursing Home:</u>				
Ardeen, Thurles (3001)	44	44	60	20
Ashlawn, Nenagh (3004)	29	25	39	37
Bushy Park, Borrisokane, Co Tipperary (3051)	38	25	34	32
Catherine McAuley House, Limerick (3052)	33	25	21	27
Milford Nursing Home, Castletroy (3021)	48	46	195	189
Mount St Benedict, Thurles (3033)	12	12	2	2
Nenagh Manor Nursing Home, Nenagh (3060)	54	53	118	107
Patterson's, Roscrea (3024)	28	28	28	16
Rivervale Nursing Home, Nenagh (3069)	46	42	48	65
Roseville, Ballysimon, Co Limerick (3028)	40	40	76	81
St. Jude's, Borrisoleigh, Co Tipperary (3040)	18	13	11	10
Sub-Total - Private Nursing Home	390	353	632	586
Sub-Total - Tipperary North/Limerick East Local Health Office	495	444	1,177	1,131
Sub-Total - HSE West	6,225	5,467	12,492	11,954
National Total	24,029	21,595	43,105	42,375

Questionnaire and Explanatory Notes

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & CHILDREN
ANNUAL SURVEY OF LONG-STAY UNITS
31 DECEMBER 2007**

Please read explanatory notes before completing this form

Ref: «Ref»

Address: «Name_of_HomeHospital»
 «Address_line_1»
 «Address_line_2»
 «Address_line_3»

Please indicate any changes to contact details here:

Telephone Number: «Telephone»

Fax:

e-mail Address: «Email»

Category See explanatory note 1

Tick one of the following:

- HSE Extended Care Unit
- HSE Welfare Home
- Voluntary Welfare Home
- Voluntary Home/Hospital for Older People
- Private Nursing Home

Number of beds See explanatory note 2

Bed Type		Number
A. Long Stay Beds (intended length of stay exceeds 3 months)	Extended/ Continuing Care (including contract)	
	Psychiatry of Old Age	
	Chronic Young Sick	
	Other (specify)	
B. Limited Stay Beds (intended length of stay less than 3 months)	Rehabilitation	
	Convalescence	
	Palliative Care	
	Respite	
	Other (Specify)	
Total Number of Beds		

A1 - Number of patients in residence at 31st December 2007 by age and sex See explanatory note 3.

Age	Patients in Long Stay Beds			Patients in Limited Stay Beds		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Less than 40 years						
40 - 64 years						
65 - 69 years						
70 - 74 years						
75 - 79 years						
80 - 84 years						
85 - 89 years						
90 - 95 years						
95+ years						
TOTAL			◆			❖

The total number of patients should not exceed the total number of beds.

A2 - Number of patients in residence at 31st December 2007 classified by level of dependency See explanatory note 4

Level	Long Stay	Limited Stay
Low		
Medium		
High		
Maximum		
Total	◆	❖

A3 - Number of patients in residence at 31st December 2007 by principal medico/social status See explanatory note 5

Status	Long Stay	Limited Stay
Respite		
Chronic Mental Illness		
Chronic Physical Illness		
Convalescence		
Rehabilitation		
Dementia		
Physical Disability		
Intellectual Disability		
Social Reasons		
Palliative Care		
Other		
Total	◆	❖

Please ensure the totals for Tables A1, A2 and A3 agree with each other, as indicated by the ◆ and ❖ symbols.

B2 - Number of patients admitted during 2007 by source of admission

Source of Admission	Long Stay	Limited Stay
Community (e.g. Patient's Home)		
Acute Hospital		
Long Stay Hospital/Home (Including Private Nursing Homes)		
Other Sources (Specify)		
Total		

C1 - Number of patients who were discharged or died during 2007 by destination of discharge See explanatory note 6

Destination	Long Stay	Limited Stay
Community (eg. Patient's Home)		
Acute Hospital		
Long Stay Hospital/Home (including Private Nursing Homes)		
Number of patients who died during the year		
Other Destinations (Specify)		
Total	■	□

C2 - Number of patients who were discharged or died during 2007 by length of stay See explanatory note 6

Length of Stay	Long Stay	Limited Stay
Less than 3 months		
3 to < 6 months		
6 months to < 1 year		
1 to < 2 years		
2 to < 4 years		
4 to < 6 years		
6 to < 10 years		
10 years & over		
Total	■	□

Please ensure the totals for Table C1 agree with the totals for Table C2, as indicated by the ■ and □ symbols.

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Please return this completed form to «Contact»

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & CHILDREN
ANNUAL SURVEY OF LONG-STAY UNITS, 2007

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Please keep a copy of the completed questionnaire in case the Department has any queries about the information you have provided and you need to refer back to the form.

PLEASE COMPLETE ALL QUESTIONS, AS IT MAY NOT ALWAYS BE ACCURATE TO ASSUME A ZERO FOR A BLANK.

NOTE 1 – LONG-STAY UNIT CATEGORY

The following definitions may be of assistance in distinguishing between the different categories supplied

HSE Extended Care Unit – A HSE extended care unit is a facility run by the Health Service Executive. These institutions generally provide accommodation for older people who are in need of care for medical reasons.

HSE Welfare Home – A HSE welfare home is a home run by the Health Service Executive. These institutions generally provide accommodation for older people who are in need of long or short-term care for medical or other reasons.

Voluntary Welfare Home – A voluntary welfare home is a home run by a charitable non-profit making organisation in which patients are not maintained for the personal profit of the proprietors. This includes all welfare homes run by religious orders as well as homes run by lay charitable organisations. These institutions generally provide accommodation for older people who are in need of long or short-term care for medical or other reasons.

Voluntary Home/Hospital for Older People – A voluntary nursing home is a home run by a charitable non-profit making organisation in which patients are not maintained for the personal profit of the proprietors. This includes all nursing homes run by religious orders as well as homes run by lay charitable organisations.

Private Nursing Home – A private nursing home is a home which is run as a private business for the care and maintenance of dependent persons. As the term implies, these are nursing homes established by private individuals or by companies in the private sector, which are run on a profit-making basis.

NOTE 2 – BED TYPE

Definitions for bed types, which have been grouped into long-stay beds and limited-stay beds, are given below.

Long-Stay Beds – Where intended length of stay of patient is equal to or greater than three months.

- **Extended/Continuing Care (including contract)** – These beds are allocated to people who have been assessed as being in need of long term care.
- **Psychiatry of Old Age** – These are beds available for specialised psychiatric service of later life.
- **Young Chronic Sick** – These beds are allocated to young people with an illness which has lasted a long period of time, is usually irreversible, and may be progressive.

Limited-Stay Beds – Where intended length of stay of patient is less than three months.

- **Rehabilitation** – These beds are allocated for the admission of persons for short periods of time in order to allow them to be rehabilitated after an illness/injury.
- **Convalescence** – These beds are allocated for the admission of persons for short periods of time in order to allow them to recuperate after an illness/injury.
- **Palliative Care** – These beds are allocated to patients at a time when the medical expectation is no longer cure.
- **Respite** – These beds are allocated for the planned admission of dependent persons for short periods of time in order to assist carers in their task of caring.

NOTE 3 – ACTIVITY INFORMATION

Tables A1, A2 and A3 seek information on the numbers of patients in residence in long-stay and limited-stay beds at 31 December 2007. **Therefore the totals for patients in residence in long-stay and limited stay beds entered in Tables A1, A2 and A3 indicated should be in agreement. Also the total number of patients in residence cannot exceed the total number of beds available.**

NOTE 4 - LEVEL OF DEPENDENCY

The following definitions should be used to classify patients in residence at 31 December 2007 according to different levels of dependency:

Low Dependency: This category refers to people who need some support in the community and the more independent residents in residential accommodation who require little nursing care. They are usually independently mobile but may use a walking stick and have difficulty managing stairs.

Medium Dependency: Person whose independence is impaired to the extent that he or she requires residential care because the appropriate support and nursing care required by the person cannot be provided by the community. Mobility is impaired to the extent that the person requires supervision or a walking aid.

High Dependency: Independence is impaired to the extent that the person requires residential care but is not bed bound. The person may have a combination of physical and mental disabilities, may be confused at times and be incontinent. He/she may require a walking aid and physical assistance to walk.

Maximum Dependency: People whose independence is impaired to the extent that he/she requires nursing care. The person is likely to be bed bound, requires assistance with all aspects of physical care and may be ambulant but confused, disturbed and incontinent.

NOTE 5 – MEDICO/SOCIAL STATUS

1) Respite – Patients in need of respite care are dependent persons admitted for short periods of time in order to assist their carers in their task of caring.

2) Chronic Mental Illness – 'Mental illness' means a state of mind of a person which affects the person's thinking, perceiving, emotion or judgement and which seriously impairs the mental function of the person to the extent that he or she requires care or medical treatment in his or her own interest or in the interest of other persons. For mental illness to be chronic it would have to be sustained continuously without remission over a period of time.

3) Chronic Physical Illness – There is no formal definition of chronic physical disease but such illness would normally be characterised by having lasted a long period of time, is usually irreversible, and may be progressive.

4) Convalescence – Patients in need of

convalescence are persons admitted for short periods of time in order to allow them to recuperate after an illness/injury.

5) Rehabilitation – Patients in need of rehabilitation are persons admitted for short periods of time in order to allow them to receive rehabilitation after an illness/injury.

6) Dementia – Severe dementia means a deterioration of the brain of a person which significantly impairs the intellectual function of the person thereby affecting thought, comprehension and memory and which includes severe psychiatric or behavioural symptoms such as physical aggression.

7) Physical Disability – Physical disability, in relation to a person, means a substantial restriction in the capacity of the person to carry on a profession, business or occupation in the State or to participate in social or cultural life in the State by reason of an enduring physical impairment.

8) Intellectual Disability – Significant intellectual disability means a state of arrested or incomplete development of mind of a person which includes significant impairment of intelligence and social functioning and abnormally aggressive or seriously irresponsible conduct on the part of the person.

9) Social Reasons – This category covers admissions for reasons other than medical ones.

10) Palliative Care – Palliative care beds are allocated to patients at a time when the medical expectation is no longer cure.

NOTE 6 –ADMISSION AND DISCHARGE ACTIVITY

Tables C1 and C2 seek information on the numbers of patients discharged from long-stay and limited stay beds during the year. **Therefore, the totals for patients discharged from long-stay and limited-stay beds entered in Tables C1 and C2 should be in agreement.**

In long-stay units, patients occasionally go home for weekends or short breaks. For the purposes of this survey these short absences are not to be regarded as discharges and admissions.

If you have any queries in relation to the completion of the questionnaire please contact Vincent Kennedy at (01) 635 4130.

Number of Responses

Number of responses by Regional Health Office and Long-Stay Unit Category, 2007.

Regional Health Office	HSE Extended Care Unit	HSE Welfare Home	Voluntary Home / Hospital for Older People	Voluntary Welfare Home	Private Nursing Home	Total
Dublin/ Mid-Leinster	28	3	8	2	73	114
Dublin/ North-East	20	2	1		61	84
West	25	12			99	136
South	31	6	17	5	94	153
Total	104	23	26	7	327	487

Population Projections: Models and Assumptions

Population projections are produced by applying a mathematical model to a number of assumptions about the factors that affect the population. The principal factors used in the calculations are fertility, mortality and migration. The table below gives a summary of assumptions that could be applied to estimate population projections. These assumptions have been obtained from the CSO's report *Population and Labour Force Projections 2011-2041* published in April 2008.

Fertility Assumptions

- F1** Total Fertility Rate to remain at its 2006 level of 1.9 for the lifetime of the projections
- F2** Total Fertility Rate to decrease to 1.65 by 2016 and to remain constant thereafter.

Mortality Assumptions

Mortality rates are assumed to decrease which will result in gains in life expectancy at birth from:

- 76.7 years in 2005 to 86.5 years in 2041 for males
- 81.5 years in 2005 to 88.2 years in 2041 for females

Migration Assumptions

- M1** Immigration continuing at a high level and then moderating
- +60,000 per annum in 2006/2011
 - +50,000 per annum in 2011/2016
 - +40,000 per annum in 2016/2021
 - +30,000 per annum in 2021/2026
 - +30,000 per annum in 2026/2031
 - +30,000 per annum in 2031/2036
 - +30,000 per annum in 2036/2041
- M2** Immigration continuing at more moderate levels
- +50,000 per annum in 2006/2011
 - +35,000 per annum in 2011/2016
 - +25,000 per annum in 2016/2021
 - +10,000 per annum in 2021/2026
 - +10,000 per annum in 2026/2031
 - +10,000 per annum in 2031/2036
 - +10,000 per annum in 2036/2041

Source: Central Statistics Office



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